The North Carolinian.

A Daily Democratic, White Man's Newspaper.

NEW SERIES. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1868. VOL. I., No. 39.

The North Carolinian.

A DAILY DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,

Conducted on the principle that this is a white man's government, and must be controlled by white men.

THOS. J. LEE, Business Manager.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is mailed to subscribers at Eight Dollars a Year—Four Dollars for Six Months.

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Raleigh, Saturday, March 14, 1868.

Democratic Address of the West Virginia Convention.

To the People of West Virginia:

We invite your attention to a review of the general political situation, its evils, and their remedy. Since 1861 the harmony of this nation has been sadly disturbed. For four years of the intervening time, the interruption of peaceful relations was due to a state of war. The practical dismion existing since 1865 is referable to a course of Congressional action, wicked in motive, illegal in character, and ruinous in result. While the war for the Union was in progress, its successful issue was anticipated as the guaranty of prompt reunion and permanent peace. Such a consummation was the aim of patriotic efforts in the field, the object of solemn pledges in the halls of Congress, and the confident expectation of the masses of the people. The war has long since ended. The rebellion has long since been crushed. Every obstacle placed by Southern movement in the way of the nation's unity has long since been removed. Nevertheless, disappointment waits upon the people's wish. The pledges of Congress have been repudiated. The triumphs of our armies have been neutralized, and the purposes of the brave men who secured them have been shamefully defeated. A dissolution more disastrous than that now existing between the Southern States and the Federal government could scarcely have been brought about by the success of the rebellion. A condition of affairs so much at variance with the wishes and interest of the people of our entire country demands a reference to the acts and aims of those who produce it.

CONGRESSIONAL RECONSTRUCTION.

For more than two years the Southern States have desired to renew their old relations to the government. Congress has constantly prevented that resumption. They are entitled to be restored upon the basis of the federal constitution. Congress has confessedly thrown aside that instrument, and obstructed restoration with terms and conditions of its own prescribing. Affecting to desire the perpetuity of the Republic, it has made a deadly assault upon republican institutions. Professing to aim at the salvation of the Union, it has wrought the destruction of ten of the States. The right of each State to regulate its own internal affairs, enfranchise its own voters, and choose its own rulers and law-makers, is as sacred as our constitution, and as indestructible as our government. Without it republican liberty is worthless, for when the people cease to be free citizens of the States they become the subjects of unlimited and irresponsible federal power. When Congress abolished the local government of the South, it violated a vital principle in our system. When it erected military establishments in their stead, it introduced the most abominable features of despotism. In further pursuance of its purposes, Congress has thrown the political power of the South into negro hands. To assure this result, it has disfranchised the white population by hundreds of thousands. Enfranchising the blacks, it has made voters of the ignorant, vicious and the brutal; legislators of those who regard liberty as license, and law as the instrument of revenge; and rulers of a class whose ideas of government, like their notions of religion, tend directly and inevitably to barbarism.

MILITARY GOVERNMENT AND ITS RESULTS.

Having given the negro the right to vote and the power to rule, Congress confesses his incompetency for either by insisting that the bayonet of the soldier, the disfranchisement of the citizen, and the supervision of the Freedmen's Bureau are necessary to sustain him in his new relations. By such declarations the dominant party would justify the continuance of military despotism erected within the Southern States. Before we sanction this iniquity, let us examine its results. It found civil governments in successful operation: it abolished those governments, and made the will of brigadier generals supreme for all purposes. Southern elections are ordered, supervised and approved or set aside by district commanders. Southern justice is what the bayonet may provide. Southern law is what the sword may decree. Southern peace is the patient submission of a conquered people; a peace threatened by impending negro insurrections, which white seditionists are inciting, and liable at any moment to disappear before the terrible tumult of social anarchy. The military government found business reviving, and enterprise struggling to repair the ravages of the war. They abolished labor, and offered army rations as a premium on negro idleness. The country ceased to produce, and trade and commerce with other sections perished. Capital left a land which promised soon to be given over to confiscation. General poverty followed the encouraged indolence of the laboring classes. Actual and almost universal destitution exists among the people; the unhappy victims of Congressional cruelty must become pensioners upon national charity or perish from starvation. Hordes of thriftless and discontented negroes, passionate almost to brutality, induced to vice by idleness, incited to violence by evil counsellors, fed and pampered at the public cost, with a great army for their protection, roam at will throughout the land upon a mission of evil, carrying dismay to the hearts of helplessness and innocence, and shocking civilization with the worst of nameless crimes. Such is the condition of the South. A military despotism is over her people. The hand of lawless violence threatens them. Desolation reigns on every hand. About them are the graves of their countless dead. The past is strewn with the wreck of their greatness. Present suffering surrounds them. Their future is thick with peril and dark with gathering misfortune. The foes of the nation are at her feet. Broken in spirit, stripped of fortune, wasted, ragged, wretched and ruined, their situation invokes the magnanimity of kindred manhood and appeals to the generous mercy of a noble enemy.

DISTRESS AT THE SOUTH PRODUCES PROSTRATION AT THE NORTH.

The evil influence of bayonet reconstruction is not confined to the South. The entire country feels it. Northern factories are silent because Southern pockets are empty. Western granaries and storehouses are full, but poverty possesses their ancient market, and their former buyers are now begging bread. A commercial crash is imminent and business stands still and trembles at the prospect. The manufacturing interests of the nation are crippled and almost crushed. The spindle is motionless; the shuttle is silent; the forge and the furnace are deserted; the workshop is vacant; the mill is closed. The hands of the artisan are unemployed and empty; his children are starving, homeless and in rags. The impoverishment of the South throws the entire burden of *taxation* upon the North and West. The Southern States can render no assistance while the government grinds them with an iron heel. If their people shared its benefits they would be impelled to productive ability. As they partake only of its severities, they could not support it if they would, and so long as it oppresses them, if they are fit to be freedmen, they could not support it if they could.

THE CONGRESSIONAL PURPOSE.

The declarations of leading Republicans in Congress leave no room to doubt that the action of that body has been taken with reference to the unity of the Radical party, rather than the unity of the American Republic. The National Legislature has become a mere machine for the manufacture of radical majorities. Its material is the worst and lowest class of humanity, barely rescued from the brutality of the savage state by contact with civilization. A system which is based upon negro stupidity, supported by bayonets and designed to secure partisan triumphs through the enslavement of men of our own race, may be instituted here through force and fraud, but if it can endure in this land the American people have learned liberty to no purpose and well deserve to be taught its value under the stern tutelage of tyranny which awaits them in the future of radical supremacy.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

In its management of our financial affairs, the dominant party has enacted the grossest folly and injustice. Repeated contractions of the currency have caused incalculable commercial disasters. A still more dangerous measure of contraction is now proposed in the Senate, by which the legal tenders are to be withdrawn from circulation and replaced by interest bearing bonds. If property and business do not enter an effective protest, the results will be little short of general ruin.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

The national debt amounts to $2,500,000,000. It cost the holders $1,250,000,000. The party in power would pay it in gold, dollar for dollar. They would give to the bondholders a currency different from and better than that used by the people. Specie for the money lenders and paper for the masses is the end of their financial policy. A discrimination so palpable and unfair is an insult to the popular sense of justice. By the terms of the act of issue, greenbacks are made legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt. Even the soldiers of the Republic accepted paper as the price of their toils and hardships. Is the patriotism of cash more valuable than the public devotion, which fights and bleeds, and dies? Labor receives its wages in paper; the products of the farm, the goods of the merchant, professional fees, all prices and values among the people, are paid in paper. If that kind of money is good for the masses, good to buy all things, from the sweat of labor to the blood of valor, why should it not suffice for the redemption of the Federal securities?

EXEMPTION OF THE BONDS.

Under Radical management, the bonds are exempt from taxation. Receiving from the government the same protection with their property, they pay not a dollar to its support. Such exclusive privilege establishes an aristocracy of money in the midst of a Republic of labor. Toil is taxed; bonds are exempt. Toil produces; bonds consume. Toil builds our public improvements; bondholders enjoy their benefits at no cost. Toil supports our courts, pays our legislators, and defrays the general expenses of the government; bondholders partake of the blessings of all and contribute to the sustenance of none. A policy which makes labor so completely tributary to capital is anti-republican in its effect upon the masses. We greatly mistake the temper of the people if they do not demand that this wrong be promptly righted by such repeals and enactments as will compel all property alike to share the burdens of taxation.

THE REVENUE SYSTEM.

Radicalism derives the bulk of the Federal revenue from home productions and the necessaries of life. Over sixteen thousand articles, including almost everything that supports life or lightens labor, are now the subjects of taxation. Hence the great disparity between wages and the cost of living. Frauds upon the revenue are another characteristic of the present system. The laws are evaded, the officers are bribed; the country is robbed. Over one hundred millions of dollars were lost last year through downright villainy, and the deficiencies of wealthy knaves must be made good by toiling honesty.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

A large portion of the taxes now raised is applied to worse than useless purposes. The Freedmen's Bureau costs twelve millions annually, a sum equal to the entire yearly expense of the government under some of the earlier administrations. That institution feeds, clothes and supports a host of malignant Southern haters, negro fanatics and greedy adventurers, backed by the federal army. It has done more to breed bitterness and discontent among the Southern people than the war itself. The military establishments at the South are another kind of useless and extravagant expenditure. It is costing from sixty to one hundred millions annually.—High Radical authority estimates that it will take ten years to reconstruct the South by the present process. The lowest possible amount for which this partisan enterprise can be completed will be eight hundred millions of dollars. Are the people of this nation to be impoverished, in order that the days of niggerism and fanaticism may be long in the land? Are the masses of the country to be mercilessly taxed, robbed and ruined, in order that corruption may prosper, love of power be satisfied, and the supremacy of Radicalism be assured? We look for such a response to these questions as will wipe out the abominations of the bayonet, restore civil and constitutional governments to the South, exclude the African element from the sphere of politics, and re-establish the American Union upon the ancient foundations of equal justice and popular affection.

A REMEDY POSSIBLE.

Let us recur to the remedy for the manifold wrongs to which we have referred. The reconstruction question, whatever difficulties it may present to bitter partisans, is capable of a safe and easy adjustment through the exercise of an honest and liberal patriotism. The simple application of the principles of the Federal Constitution will remove every obstacle and effect a peaceful, permanent, and satisfactory settlement. If that instrument possesses the perfection with which every lover of his country invests it, it will not be found wanting at the critical juncture. The Constitution which has blessed the people with liberty and crowned this land with greatness will not now prove inadequate to the designs of its authority and leave the vital interests of the Union at the mercy of rude chances and political passions. Let its provisions be applied, and representatives of the South, elected by the only qualified voters of that section, will take their seats in Congress, subject only to the condition imposed upon members from other parts of the land; the natural relations between the Southern States and the General Government will be resumed, and the Union of the States, triumphantly restored, will return in form, in fact, and freedom to the original glory of her first and best estate. The restoration of the South will open the way to great financial relief. When her people are relieved of the domination of the bayonets and the blacks, they will be encouraged to productive pursuits; general prosperity will revive their palsied energies, and their assistance will be happily felt in removing the great burden of debt which now impedes the national progress. The costly national nuisance, the Freedmen's Bureau, will be abolished, and common sense having mastered the situation will decree that negroes, like white men, must either work or starve. The expensive Southern military establishment will be acknowledged unnecessary, and with their disappearance tax-payers will thank God and take courage. A fair taxation of the Federal securities will yield many millions of revenue. The national banks suggest another opportunity of retrenchment. They own between three and four hundred millions in Federal bonds, upon which they draw interest. These bonds are deposited with the Government, and for every $100,000 so deposited, they receive $90,000 in national bank notes. These notes constitute their circulation, and with them they carry on the business, and earn the profits of banking proper. The interest accruing on their deposited bonds is so much premium paid them, in addition to the regular earnings of their business. They receive the benefit of just ninety per cent. more capital than they have invested, and this gratuitous premium comes from the pockets of the people. Justice requires that this sum, amounting to between twenty and thirty millions annually, be saved to the public. The simple process of recalling the national bank notes and substituting for the bonds legal tenders as banking currency will effect the needed result, and another sinkhole for the earnings of laborers will be effectually stopped. In the matter of revenue, fewer articles could be taxed, and through a more perfect and more honest mode of assessment and collection, much larger returns could be realized. Congressional extravagance and corruption should be reformed. Investigating committees should be abolished. Land grants and railroad swindles should be abandoned. The Indian wars, like the last, should be avoided. Territorial purchases should be suspended. Countless other modes of waste and fraud could be corrected, and a portion of the savings set aside for the final redemption of the debt. A sinking fund for this purpose, made up of bond taxation, the premium paid the national banks and the money wasted in Africanizing the South, would redeem every dollar of the debt in less than twenty years. The way to this desired end could be opened by the substitution of legal tenders for the bonds as rapidly as may be consistent with safety. Millions now paid in interest would thus be economized, and, with the aid of a restored and producing South, the end of our financial troubles would speedily approach.

CONCLUSION.

Having thus attempted to set forth your wrongs, and the possibility of a remedy, we now appeal to you to work out the needed reformation. Whatever evils may result from bad government, the people are the sufferers. Whatever reforms are effected must be brought about by and through the people themselves. The people have it in their power to remove the giant iniquities whose shadows darken the land. They have but to speak, and the enemies of their peace would be powerless, the dignity of the constitution and the laws will be vindicated, and their now imperilled country rescued from impending danger, purified and strengthened by its trials, will resume its majestic march in the paths of greatness, happiness and freedom. A movement has been inaugurated in this city for the organization of the friends of law and order and honest government, as against the forces of Radicalism in West Virginia. The movement will extend to every county; it will find co-operation in every township and school district in the State. We invite and urge you to join hands in the great work of political redemption.

Other States have taken the lead and are already enjoying the first fruits of victory. From Connecticut to California, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the people have interchanged the tidings of deliverance, and both oceans have heard their wild shout of gladness and triumph. The Central States of Ohio and Pennsylvania have responded with glorious deeds that yet thrill the nation. The Empire State has arisen with a mighty proclamation for the right, and the manifestation of her power, like the restless march of a conquering host, points out the path of destiny and bids the nation follow. Already we hear the footsteps of approaching political revolution. It is advancing with an energy that gives assurance of its triumphant progress even unto the end.—Let the people of Virginia fall in with the hosts that move to the rescue of our government and its institutions. While others are fighting and triumphing, let them, too, participate in the struggle and contribute to the result. We invoke your aid in your own behalf, in behalf of good government, and the attendant blessings of justice, liberty and progress. Unite for the restoration of your lost prosperity. Labor for the overthrow of organized fanaticism, corruption and folly. Act, act, act for the sake of peace, Union, freedom and humanity.

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION OF THE CONSERVATIVE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a chairman and thirty members—six of whom shall reside in Raleigh and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by the State Convention.

The committee shall have power to maintain its organization by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registrations, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organization, appoints a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and is requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

PLATFORM.

The Conservative people of North Carolina, having by their delegates assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty, and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States, and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments are equal and co-ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people, of the Reconstruction Acts, and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal affairs.

3. *Resolved*, That it is the opinion of this Convention that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and whether hereafter in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper measure within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudicies against that race, that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved*, That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved*, That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved*, That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder in the last resort of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact as established by law in the earlier and better days of the republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved*, That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats, and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States, and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union, on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved*, That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates for the State at large, to represent the conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved*, That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, hereafter to be appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered, and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said office.

CONSERVATIVE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Hon. Thomas Bragg, Raleigh, Chairman.
R. C. Badger, Esq., " Secretary.
1st District—Hon. W. N. H. Smith, Wm. A. Moore, Mills H. Eure.
2nd District—H. R. Bryan, Geo. V. Strong, T. S. Kenan.
3rd District—Hon. Geo. Howard, J. J. Davis, M. W. Ransom.
4th District—J. M. Leach, L. Brown, J. T. Morehead, Jr.
5th District—E. D. Hall, A. McLean, Hon. T. S. Ashe.
6th District—R. M. Armfield, W. M. Robbins J. H. Wilson.
7th District—Plato Durham, A. C. Avery, M. L. McCorkle.
8th District—R. M. Stokes, Cassius Gudger, W. L. Love.
At Raleigh: Hon. A. S. Merrimon, Hon. D. G. Fowle, Gen. W. R. Cox, Seaton Gales, J. P. H. Russ, Moses A. Bledsoe and R. C. Badger.

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Ralph Gorrell, Esq.,	T. Brown Venable, Esq.,
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Alamance County—Dr John A Moore, James A Graham, James E Boyd, George Patterson, Sr, T M Holt.

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Burke—Thos G Walton, S C W Tate, Dr David Berry, Andrew Shuford, Jno F Merrill.

Brunswick—Capt D C Allen, Samuel R Chinnis, Col S D Thurston, Thos Drew, Asa Ross.

Cabarrus—William S Harris, John M Long, Dr L S Bingham, Dr F M Henderson, Frank Rogers, Samuel Pharr, P. B. Means.

Caldwell—Maj W H Malone, Gen S F Patterson, Edward W Jones, Rev Isaac Oxford, R H Moody.

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Carteret—Dr L W Martin, L S Oglesby, John M Perry, Samuel Lefters, Ben H Bell.

Catawba—Dr Ellis, Dr Turner Abernathy, Jonas Cline, G James, Capt Helton.

Caswell—Bedford Brown, John Kerr, Thomas Donoho, S P Hill, G W Thompson.

Cleaveland—Col Lee M McAfee, J. W. Gidney, H D Lee, H Cabaniss and A R Homesley.

Columbus—John W Ellis, W J Stanley, Forney Goorge V V Richardson, J M McGougan.

Craven—Henry R Bryan, Alexander C Latham, Wm C Snead, John Hughes, Dr P E Hines, H T Guion, Alex Justice.

Currituck—Dr W H Lassell, Burwell M Baxter, James M Woodhouse, William Shaw, T C Humphreys.

Davidson—C. F Lowe, Henry Walser, Jr, F C Robbins, J H Welborn, M H Pinnix.

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Gaston—W T Shipp, Edmund Wilkes, Robert Holland, Col Wm Stowe, Eph Black.

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Warren—Col W J Green, Col W A Jenkins, E J Plummer, P R Davis, B M Collins.

Yadkin—Wm A Robbins, J Williams, Sr., Jos Dobson, Aquila Speer, E C Roughton.

JUDICIAL DISTRICT COMMITTEES.

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2*nd. District.*—George Howard, of Edgecombe, F. B. Satterthwaite, of Beaufort, and J. E. Moore, of Martin.

3*rd. District.*—C. S. Wooten, of Wayne, H. R. Bryan, of Craven, and John M. Perry, of Carteret.

4*th. District.*—A. A. McKoy, of Sampson, Thomas S. Kenan, of Duplin, and J. A. Engelhard, of New Hanover.

5*th. District.*—Archibald McLean, of Cumberland, Thos. S. Ashe, of Anson, and W. L. Steele, of Richmond.

6*th. District.*—M. W. Ransom, of Northampton, Jo. J. Davis, of Franklin, Willis H. Jenkins, of Granville.

7*th. District.*—J. T. Morehead, Jr., of Guilford, Livingston Brown, of Caswell, H. A. London, Jr., Chatham.

8*th. District.*—J. M. Leach, of Davidson, W. M. Robbins, of Rowan, Rufus L. Patterson, of Forsythe.

9*th. District.*—Plato Durham, of Cleaveland, J. H. Watson, of Mecklenburg, Jno. F. Hoke, of Lincoln.

10*th. District.*—A. C. Avery, of Burke, R. F. Armfield, of Wilkes, A. F. Simonton, of Iredell.

11*th. Distret.*—Marcus Erwin, of Buncombe, N. Kelsey, of Madison, Robt. Penland, of Yancey.

12*th. District.*—Cassius Gudger, of Macon, W. L. Love, of Haywood, L. S. Gash, of Henderson.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

1*st. District.*—W. F. Martin, of Pasquotank, R. B. Peebles, of Northampton, P. T. Henry, of Bertie.

2*nd. District.*—Wm. Biggs, of Edgecombe, W. A. Allen, of Duplin, and Maj. Jno. Hughes, of Craven.

3*rd. District.*—D. C. Allen, of Brunswick, A. J. Jones, of Columbus, Rory McNair, of Robeson.

4*th. District.*—H. G. Williams, of Nash, T. D. Snead, of Johnston, W. J. Green, of Warren.

5*th. District.*—Levi M. Scott, of Guilford, S. S. Jackson, of Randolph, Frank C. Robbins, of Davidson.

6*th. District.*—Robt. D. Johnston, of Charlotte, S. H. Walkup, of Union, M. L. McCorkle, of Catawba.

7*th. District.*—Thad. D. Bryson, of Jackson, Jas. H. Merrimon, of Buncombe, A. M. Erwin, of McDowell.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

First District—Currituck, Perquimans, Hertford, Camden, Chowan, Bertie, Pasquotank, Gates.

Second District—Tyrrel, Beaufort, Edgecombe, Hyde, Martin, Washington, Pitt.

Third District—Craven, Greene, Wayne, Carteret, Onslow, Wilson, Jones, Lenoir.

Fourth District—Brunswick, Columbus, Robeson, New Hanover, Bladen, Duplin, Sampson.

Fifth District—Cumberland, Richmond, Stanly, Harnett, Anson, Union, Moore, Montgomery.

Sixth District—Northampton, Wake, Johnson, Warren, Nash, Granville, Halifax, Franklin.

Seventh District—Person, Randolph, Caswell, Orange, Guilford, Rockingham, Chatham, Alamance.

Eighth District—Stokes, Rowan, Surry, Forsyth, Davie, Davidson, Yadkin.

Ninth District—Union, Lincoln, Rutherford, Cabarrus, Gaston, Polk, Mecklenburg, Cleaveland.

Tenth District—Iredell, Caldwell, Alexander, Burke, Wilkes, McDowell.

Eleventh District—Alleghany, Mitchell, Watauga, Buncombe, Ashe, Yancey, Madison.

Twelfth District—Henderson, Macon, Cherokee, Transylvania, Jackson, Haywood, Clay.

NORFOLK.

PIANO FORTE AGENCY.

WILSON & WALKE,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

No. 1 MAIN STREET,

NORFOLK, VA.,

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to Aug 24

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January 30-tf.

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We would respectfully inform the Merchants of North Carolina that we have just received from Manufacturers' hands, our second Fall Stock of BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, HATS, &c.

Our stock is again complete in every respect, and we guarantee to furnish all goods in our line at New York wholesale prices.

W. H. TURNER, T. BOTTIMORE, W. C. MARROW, JR., } W. H. TURNER & CO. Norfolk, Va.

REMOVAL.—In order to accommodate the increasing demand upon us for Boots and Shoes, we shall, on or about the 15th of December next, remove to our large and commodious Iron Front Warehouse, Atlantic Block, Main Street.

W. H. TURNER & CO.

Jan. 30, tf.

J. D. REED, (AGENT.)

Practical Hatter, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Umbrellas, Canes, &c., No. 18 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

to Ap. 1 10.

The North Carolinian.

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Two Squares One Year	75 00
Three Squares One Year	90 00
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Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Bar Iron and Steel, Wagon Material, Belting and Packing, House Furnishing Goods, &c., Circular Front, Corner of Main Street and Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

Nails at Factory prices, Trace Chains, Weed, Hilling and Grub Hoes, Horse Collars and Hames, Axes, Saws, &c., &c.

The trade supplied at Northern prices.
to Feb 27.

WILLIAM LAMB,

General Commission Merchant, Norfolk, Va.
Will sell Cotton and other Southern Produce in Norfolk, or Liverpool, England.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
to Feb 27.

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to Aug 18.

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to Aug 24.

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J. M. WALTERS, Proprietor.
To August 28.

E. VANCE,

Norfolk, Virginia, Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Bottler of Ales, Wines, Porter, Cider, and all sorts of Mineral Waters.
This is the largest Bottling Establishment South of Baltimore.
Norfolk Va. to Jan 23.

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Importers of and Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Axes, Edge Tools, Cross and Circular Saws, Gum Belting, Gum and Hemp Packing, Anvils, Bellows, Vises, &c., No. 2 Commercial Row, near Ferry, Norfolk, Va.
to Aug 24.

JOHN B. NEAL & CO,

Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.
Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Hayward, Raleigh; Gen. Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Col. John W. Cunningham, Person county; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; Geo. H. Brown & Co., Washington.
JNO. B. NEAL, OF N. C. JNO. WHITE, OF N. C.
Jan 30—tf.

DRUG WAREHOUSE.

M.

The North Carolinian.

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land."

WM. A. HEARNE, JNO. W. DUNHAM.
EDITORS.

Raleigh, Saturday, March 14, 1868.

Despite the denials of its leaders and presses, the Radical party in North Carolina stands firmly committed to the dogma of the equality of the races.

In proof of the charge, we collate from the report of the proceedings of the Reconstruction Convention, which we are justified in assuming to be a representative body, the following facts, votes and figures:

On the 10th of February last, the report of the Committee on Militia came up for consideration. Mr. Graham, of Orange, moved to amend the first section by inserting the following: "*That colored persons shall be organized into separate companies and that no white man be required to obey a negro officer.*

The amendment was defeated by a vote of 83 to 9.

On the 15th of February, the Convention received a communication from the Young Men's Christian Association of Raleigh, asking the use of the Commons Hall for the delivery of a reading by Mr. David Macrae, of Scotland, for the benefit of the poor.

Messrs. Ashley and Abbott, whites and Northern men, and Galloway and Harris, negroes, opposed the granting of the request *unless upon the explicit understanding that whites and negroes were to be admitted upon the same terms and with the same pricileges.* Rather than accept the kindness upon such terms the request was withdrawn. The opposition originated with Galloway, a negro.

On the same day, the Bill of Rights being under consideration, Mr. Durham moved to insert a new section as follows: "*The Caucassian and African races* are distinct by nature and color; therefore all marriages between the Caucassian, or white race, and the African, or black race, are forever prohibited."

Upon the section Mr. Durham demanded the yeas and nays. Mr. Sweet moved to lay on the table. Mr. Durham called for the yeas and nays on the motion. They were refused. The motion was then adopted, and afterwards, also, the section as reported.

On the 4th of March, the report of the Committee on Corporations other than municipal being under consideration, Mr. Durham moved to amend the report by adding a proviso as follows: *Provided that institutions of learning in which black and white pupils are educated promiscuously shall not be incorporated under general laws or special act.*" The amendment was rejected.

On the 6th of March, Mr. Durham moved to amend the report of the Committee on Education by adding a section as follows: Section 6. *The General Assembly shall provide schools for the black children of the State, separate and apart from those provided for white children.* The section as proposed was rejected by a vote of ayes 15, noes 90.

Mr. Graham, on the same day, moved to amend section 18, of the same report, by the addition of the following proviso: *Provided there shall be separate and distinct schools for white and black children.* The amendment was lost by a strict party vote.

On the 10th of March the report of the Judiciary Committee being under consideration, on its third reading, Mr. Durham moved to amend the 12th section as follows: *Provided that white orphan children shall not be bound as apprentices to colored masters, and that no colored person shall be appointed guardian of a white ward.*

Upon the amendment Capt. Durham asked the yeas and nays, which were refused. The amendment was lost, and the section adopted as reported by the committee.

We state these facts for the information of the white men of North Carolina. They are competent to decide between Radical declarations and Radical deeds, and they *must* decide upon the day of the election, whether a constitution emanating from a body which has so unequivocally committed itself to negro equality, deserves their advocacy and support. Let every man, who opposes this dangerous and degrading dogma, actively exert himself from this date until the close of the day of election, and we shall defeat the iniquitous offspring of Yankee fanaticism and negro brutality and ignorance by a majority worthy of North Carolina and North Carolinians.

A vote for the new constitution will be an unequivocal endorsement of the social equality of the two races.

The Convention yesterday morning passed the article on Miscellaneous, minus the second section relating to amnesty. The act of amnesty passed by the last Legislature was repealed. This we regard as one of the most unfortunate and harmful acts of this disreputable body, as it will inevitably lead to discord and strife in the Western portion of the State. The repeal of the ordinance was forcibly opposed by Mr. Bradley and others, but the Radicals from that section demanded the repeal, and if was granted to their importunities.

The ordinance requiring the Legislature to make provision for the payment of the interest on the public debt was ordered to be printed and made the special order for to-day. The remainder of the session was given to the consideration of private ordinances and divorces.

The relief question was discussed last night without definite action. It comes up again to-day. The remainder of the night session was given to the ordinance to prevent the intimidation of voters. It punishes by fine or imprisonment any person, who shall prevent or endeavor to prevent any elector from voting, by violence, threats or bribery.

The purpose of the ordinance was appropriately exposed by Capt. Durham and Dr. Ellis, but it was, of course, adopted.

The following correspondence between Attorney-General Stanbery and President Johnson explains itself. We can but admire the disinterested friendship shown by Mr. Stanbery in resigning an honorable and lucrative position in order to become the counsel of his friend in the great trial impending. The following is the correspondence:

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, March 11, 1868.

The President:

Sir—I hereby resign the office of Attorney General of the United States, to take effect on the 12th of the current month of March, at 4 o'clock P. M. of that day.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, yours, HENRY STANBERY.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, March 11, 1868.

Mr. President:—When you first expressed to me your wish that I should engage as one of your counsel in the pending impeachment, I felt an embarrassment growing out of my official position. I then said that although there was no legal incompatibility between my acting as your counsel in my individual capacity and holding at the same time the office of Attorney General, yet as the duties of counsel in such a case must engross all my time during its progress, my attention would necessarily be withdrawn for an indefinite period from the discharge of official duties.

When, after further consideration, I continued to feel the force of the objection, and said to you that I could not consent to hold my office and at the same time engage in your defence, you were further pleased, in view of the alternative, to reiterate your request that I should act as one of your counsel. I do not hesitate to meet your wishes or to resign official position that I may perform a duty which, under the circumstances, seems to me of paramount obligation. I enclose my resignation of the office of Attorney-General, and beg you, Mr. President, to notify me of your acceptance of it.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, yours, HENRY STANBERY.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, March 12, 1868.

Hon. Henry Stanbery, Attorney-General of the United States:

Dear Sir:—I recognize the circumstances which seem to make it proper for you to resign, appreciate fully your motives in doing so, and with deep regret accept your resignation as Attorney-General of the United States.

I am, with great respect, sincerely yours, ANDREW JOHNSON.

The New York World has tables of the whole vote cast in New Hampshire in the years 1867-'68. From the table for the former year, the Republican majority is ascertained to be 3,146. The table of the vote on Tuesday last, which though unofficial is so carefully prepared as to warrant acceptance as correct, shows the Radical majority is 1407—a loss of 1739 votes since the preceding election.

The Radicals have rejoiced exceedingly at the fact that they were not defeated. Their exultation is rather ridiculous, when the facts given by the World are considered. A similar ratio of decrease will give the State to the Democrats in November, and we shall not be surprised if from the granite hills of New Hampshire there should come up a response to the Democratic slogan—this is a white man's government and should be controlled by white men only!

There are about 140,000 white voters in Tennessee. Of these 100,000 are disfranchised by a Radical edict, sustained by military force. At the same time 100,000 negroes are made voters. This accounts for the recent negro triumph in the election.

The Hon. James J. Babcock, of Connecticut; is reported to have closed a brilliant speech in New Hampshire with the following burst of eloquence. "If you choose to marry blacks you may do so, but as for myself, when I marry, I shall mary one of my own sex."

Mr. John A. Brooks, a Democratic member of the Kentucky Legislature, who resigned his place for the alleged reason that he had become a Republican, now says that he was drunk, and did'nt know what he was doing. He declares he is as sound a Democrat as ever.

Horatio Seymour's presence at the Democratic State Convention at Albany, is regarded as an evidence that he will stand, notwithstanding his numerous cards declining in advance, the Presidential nomination.

The bill submitting to the people of Wisconsin an amendment to the Constitution, conferring suffrage upon females, has been indefinitely postponed in the State Assembly.

THE CAPITOL MONKEY SHOW.

(BY OUR SPECIAL REPORTER UNDER THE TABLE.)

[The reader is particularly requested to remember the fact that no Reporter for this paper is allowed on the floor, in the halls or in the galleries of the Convention, and consequently our reports are made from under the table, behind the scenes, or as may be otherwise ordered and convenient.]

FIFTY-FIRST DAY.

MORNING PERFORMANCE.

THURSDAY, March 12.

* * * * * * *

Jones, the Knight of the Sorrowful Figure—sometimes called Jaybird Jones, for short—moved to suspend the rules and take up the question of final adjournment. Adopted.

He then moved to rescind the order of adjournment. Adopted.

Ginral Abbott, of New Hampshire, offered the following resolution:

That when the Convention adjourns, it be at the call of the President; or, in case of the President's death by the Secretary; or, in case of his death, at a call signed by a majority of the delegates. The authority to re-assemble the Convention shall cease after the 1st of January, '69.

Praise-God-Bare-Bones-Buzzard's-Bay-Ashley offered a resolution: That this Convention will adjourn on Tuesday the 17th inst., at 12 o'clock, M. Carried.

* * * * * * *

Hood, Egyptian antiquarian, and the self-same Cumberland nigger who announced in Konvenshun 'tother day that Ham, the son of Noah, first carried letters into Greece, called up the report of the committee on Political Disabilities, and moved it's adoption.

Capt. Durham objected, inasmuch as it had not been read.

Heaton, of Ohio, said it was very proper to read a report when any delegate so desired.

The report was read.

[Of those recommended to Congress as truly "fool," and therefore eminently proper persons for Congressional forgiveness, we remember only the names of the following scallawags of Sampson county, most of whom we happen to *know* are the most disreputable cusses that ever disgraced a community: Calton Sessums, Amos N. Hall, (an old jail-bird,) Robert Cain, (the mangiest cur on Cohanie,) Wm. Sessums, Clifton Ward and Robinson Ward.]

The Tourgee moved that the report be received and adopted, and that the committee be instructed to consider such other names as may be furnished them.

Dr. Baker, of Edgecombe, offered the following substitute:

"That the Congress of the United States be respectfully requested to remove the political disabilities from all persons in North Carolina, prevented by the reconstruction acts, or the proposed 14th article, from voting or holding office."

Capt. Durham pronounced the report the most villainous fraud that the Nigger Radicals had essayed to foist on white men.

The Tourgee very much desired to know if the delegate from Cleaveland meditated any aspersions upon the committee.

Capt. D.—My language is very plain and unequivocal; the Tourgee may reach his own conclusions.

The Tourgee—I ask the Secretary to put down his words; they insult this body.

Capt. D.—I neither regard the Secretary nor the house!

Mr. Durham resuming, said that he found on the list of persons from Cleaveland eight names. Two or three of the parties recommended were good republicans and respectable men, but the others, though of the same party, were the most disreputable and dishonest characters in the county. He trusted that the convention would adopt the report. He dared it to do it. He would tell the members that in less than five years, they would not have the moral courage to stand by the record made here. He charged them with cowardice, with fear of the honest people of the State, and well they might fear, for God knows, when they shall come to understand your vileness and unblushing impudence, you will be unable to stand the scorn showered upon you. The men—the honest men of the West will repudiate your iniquitous and infamous conduct. Such a report as this should bring a blush of shame to the cheek of every gentleman in this body. The report, however, is in consonance with the previous conduct of your party. Low and vile men are recommended to favor, while thousands of the gentlemen of the State are excluded and their claims refused consideration. The names of seventy-five of the worthiest citizens of my own county have been omitted, and while I defy you all, still, in the name of my people and for them, I protest against these infamous discriminations, and I know that the people—the true people of North Carolina will sustain my protest and join me in denouncing this report as a vile scheme, having its origin in a desire to tie down those who you know will not support your fraudulent legislation.

I hold that Congress has no power to remove political disabilities. That power is a prerogative of the Executive. The Howard Amendment has not yet become a part of the constitution, and Congress has no power to remove disabilities until it does so.

You have adopted, by a large majority, a measure which, while favoring mean men, low men and vile men, refuses to favor such gentlemen as Vance, Graham, and others of like character, simply because you know that, if such men were permitted to hold office, small-fry Republicans like yourselves, could not creep into office. It is a cowardly thing to make such discriminations, a contemptible thing, and I shall continue to protest against and denounce it.

Mr. Hodnett—I have been a consistent Union man, I have never committed a single disloyal act, I desire to see peace and harmony in our unhappy country; but I am utterly unable to comprehend how we shall ever build up and establish friendly relations by the disfranchisement of many of the noblest and best men of the country.

Mr. Bradley—I am no orator as Brutus is, but I desire to say enough to put me square on the record. I have not recommended to the committee the name of any gentleman in my county. There are many of my fellow-citizens, both Conservative and Republican, under the ban, and I am in favor of restoring to all of them their political rights. I would proscribe no man; I feel bound, therefore, to oppose to the very last, every odious measure that may be calculated to disfranchise any one of my countrymen.

Mr. Ellis thoroughly endorsed the sentiments of Mr. Bradley.

Dr. Holt, of Orange—I have offered no name from my county, because none of us up there need pardon save a few of the latter-day converts, including Sheriff Guthrie, whom the niggers had recently bought.

On Dr. Baker's substitute, the question now recurred.

King, of Lenoir, moved to amend the substitute by adding the words, "all that are in favor of universal suffrage to all male persons over 21 years, without distinction of race or color."

Capt. Durham characterized this as one more dodge to drive honest men into the vile nigger party.

King's amendment was adopted.

The ayes and noes were then called on Dr. Baker's substitute, as amended by King, with this result: ayes 82, noes 3.

Capt. Durham offered this substitute: "It is the sense of this Convention that political disabilities ought to be removed from all citizens of North Carolina, without regard to political opinions, or their support or opposition to universal suffrage."

Capt. Durham said that Mr. King's amendment to Mr. Baker's substitute was merely to defeat the substitute, in order to make Conservative men support the Republican party by supporting negro suffrage before they can get pardon, and this motion of Mr. Tourgee's was another effort to dodge the issue. I don't care whether you dodge it or not; the people shall know it. Now if you want to dodge a direct vote, by incorporating Mr. Tourgee's amendment with my substitute, you can do it, but your skulking will be exposed.

The question recurred upon Durham's substitute. Mr. D. asked for the ayes and noes, *which were refused*, and the substitute was voted down.

Ready Relief Rodman moved an amendment, asking Congress to relieve all men in the State, who are disfranchised by the Howard Amendment or Reconstruction acts.

The ayes and noes were called and resulted in the following ballot:

Ayes—Messrs. Baker, Bradley, Daniel, Dowd, Durham, Ellis, Etheridge, Gunter, Hodnett, Hollowell, Holt, Jones, of Caldwell, Ladlin, Legg, Lenson, Long, McCubbins, Merritt, Read, Rich, Rodman, Sanderlin, Taylor, Turner, Hall, and Williams, of Wake.

Noes—Messrs. Abbott, Andrews, Ashley, Aydlott, Benbow, Blume, Bryan, Carey, nigger, Carter, Candler, Chilson, Congrove, Congleton, Dickey, Duckworth, Eppes, nigger, Fisher, Forkner, Franklin, French, of Bladen, French, of Rockingham, French, of Chowan, Fullings, Gahagan, Galloway, nigger, Garland, Graham, of Montgomery, Grant, of Wayne, Gully, Harris, of Franklin, Hayes, of Robeson, Hayes, of Halifax, nigger, Heaton, Highsmith, nigger, Hobbs, Hood, nigger, Hyman, nigger, Ing, Jones, of Washington, King, of Lenoir, Kinney, Lee, nigger, Logan, Mann, May, Mayo, nigger, Marshall, McDonald, of Moore, Moore, Morton, Mullican, Murphy, Nance, Newsom, Parker, Parks, Petree, Pierson, nigger, Pool, Ragland, Renfrow, Rhodes, Robbins, nigger, Rose, Smith, Stilly, Stilwell, Teague, Tourgee, Trogden, Watts, Welker, and Williamson, nigger.

The question recurred upon the adoption of the report of the committee, and it was accordingly adopted.

Mistur Major Mann—a pretty man—i. e. Monsieur Topofthemode, from Cumberland, introduced a series of resolutions, thanking those "noble representatives" in Congress, who have so promptly and so constitutionally stepped forward and impeached Andrew Johnson.

Capt. Durham move to strike out "constitutionally" and insert "unconstitutionally."

Went under.

The Tourgee declared that discussion was out of order.

The Chair called the Tourgee to order.

The Tourgee would'nt come to order, but ruffled his feathers and sloshed around the ring like a jaybird in a martin's nest.

The Chair ordered the doughty Sergeant-at-arms to seize the Tourgee and bring him to the bar of the House. The Tourgee was led to the bar and stood there like a broken stemmed hollyhock.

Rich, a decidedly rich customer, moved that the Tourgee be reprimanded for contempt of court.

The court began to "lay on" to the Tourgee when that animule, standing on his hind legs and his reserved rights, declared that he ought to be heard either in person or through counsel.

The Chair acquiesced.

The Tourgee then backed his ears, "squared hisself," and brayed for a small *spatium temporis.*

Ready Relief Rodman observing that the Tourgee was out of wind, moved that he be returned to his cage. Carried.

The question recurred upon the resolution of Monsieur Tipofthemode.

Capt. Durham offered the following amendment:

Resolved, That this is a compliment to that tyranny and despotism which is being inaugurated to subvert the Constitution of the United States, and destroy the liberties of the American people. Rejected.

The question recurred on Monsieur F.'s resolution.

Durham asked for the ayes and noes.

Refused and the resolution adopted.

The varmints then dispersed to their cages.

EVENING EXHIBITION.

Performances by gas-light began at the usual hour.

Daddy Kowles announced the following committee on Relief, viz: Rodman, (mean white man,) Tom-tit Pool, Jones, of Caldwell, Rich, Yankee, Samivel Watts, the greasy, Bradley, McCubbins, and Fullings, the great unwashed.

Ladlin, Yankee Corsair with the fierce moustache, called up the report of the committee on Miscellaneous Provisions.

Mr. Durham moved to amend section 2 by striking out the words "vested in him by the government of the United States."

Mr. Durham said if the section was adopted as it stood, it would render soldiers of the late Confederate States liable to prosecution. What state of affairs, he asked, would such a policy produce in the western counties of this State? Arouse the prejudices of the people, and there will be anything else but peace. Prosecution on one side and protection on the other, would stir up needless strife, and bring about a horrible condition of things. This is but another partisan scheme. Do you desire, he asked, that Confederate soldiers be prosecuted, for obedience to officers, who were commissioned by a power recognized as a belligerent? Federals were given entire immunity by this section, from prosecution for their acts, and it did seem to him that this was but another attempt to kindle animosities among the people. I propose, he said, to strike out this odious feature, and leave the matter as it now stands.

Abbott, Shaker cuss, was willing the section should be adopted just as it was. (In course.)

Rodman, mean white man, actually supported Mr. Durham's amendment. (Give him one *good* mark on his dirty record.)

Bryan, red-headed jayhawker, Kirk's raider, mountain buffaloe, etc., who invariably pronounces "amnesty" am-*nasty*—because he *am nasty* perhaps—opposed the amendment. The precious skunk said that every effort had *ben* put forth to murder him, merely bekase he had ben in the Federal army, etc.

Mr. Bradley said that Bryan had remarked, "no Union man from the West would vote for Mr. Durham's amendment." He would inform the gentleman (?) that he would vote for it, and he deemed himself as good Union man as he (Bryan) ever was. He was not so bigoted as to imagine that one side was all right and the other all wrong. Murders had been committed in his county on both sides. He knew men who had been shot down for being secessionists, who had committed no crime. Colonels Silley and Folk had, to his knowledge, been active in defending both unionists and secessionists who had been indicted. He should vote for this amendment with a clear conscience. Both sides ought to be protected, the past should be buried, and justice be done to all. He would never vote for any measure extending protection to one class, while leaving the other open to prosecution. His fellow-citizens were entitled to equal protection. The adoption of Mr. Durham's amendment, and the section so amended will not screen the perpetrators of murders and other outrages, with wicked purpose and without authority. Such cases were plain and ought to be punished, but to suffer prosecution of one class, merely because they differed from others in political sentiment, was atrocious.

Kinney, Poor Old Ike, opposed the amendment. The amnesty law was very obnoxious and he wanted to live to see it repealed.

The question recurring, Mr. Durham's amendment was rejected, ayes 28, noes 64.

French, splay-foot, of Bladen, moved to amend the section, so as to extend its benefit to persons who left their homes to escape conscription. Adopted.

The section as amended was then rejected, ayes 18, noes 65.

After further discussion and amendment, section 10 was reconmitted.

The Tourgee, offered a resolution to raise a committee of three, *to draw up an address to the people of the State, explanatory of the Constitution* adopted by the Convention, which when approved by the Convention shall be appended to the Constitution and published with it.

The Torgee moved the previous question.

Mr. Durham moved to amend so as to raise a committee charged with the duty *of drafting an address to the people advocating the rejection of the Constitution.* Ruled out of order by Daddy Kowles.

The resolution was adopted.

The article on miscellaneous Provisions then passed its second reading (section 10 excepted) by a vote of yeas 62, nays 8.

Exeunt Omnes.

A paper has been started in California for the special purpose of advocating the claims of Governor Haight for President.

For the Carolinian.

White Man's Meeting in Greene.

A meeting of the Conservatives of Greene county was held in Snow Hill, March 7th, 1868, for the purpose of nominating a suitable person as a candidate to represent the people of Greene county in the House of Commons in the next General Assembly of North Carolina.

The meeting was organized by electing Dr. John Harvey, Chairman, and B. Jas. Best, Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been briefly explained by the chairman, Mr. J. Q. Jackson being called upon to address the meeting, complied in a few eloquent remarks.

On motion of Mr. Theodore Edwards, a committee, consisting of Messrs. J. W. Grainger, J. Q. Jackson, D. A. Sugg, Theo. Edwards, A. D. Swinson and J. H. Albritton, was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting, who, after a short retirement, returned and reported the following resolutions:

In view of the great interest at stake in the ensuing election, we recognize the responsibility upon every loyal citizen of North Carolina to use all honorable means to secure the election of such men as will sustain and advance the highest interest of the country.

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the resolutions and proceedings of the Conservative Convention of North Carolina, held in Raleigh February 5th, 1868.

Resolved, That we cheerfully endorse the nominations made by the State Executive Committee, and pledge our support to the same.

Resolved, That we recommend Dr. F. M. Rountree as a suitable person to represent us in the House of Commons in the next General Assembly of North Carolina.

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint a committee of two from each Captain's district, to attend a Congressional District Convention to be held in Goldsboro' the 20th of March; and that said committee be requested to act together with the committee to be selected by the citizens of Wayne county to nominate a candidate for the Senate of this district, we recommend as our first choice W. T. Dortch of Wayne county.

Resolved, That we cordially invite Z. B. Vance, our candidate for Governor, to address the people of this county some time during his campaign.

Resolved, That the canvassing committee heretofore appointed be requested to call another meeting of the citizens of this county, when, in their judgment, it may be necessary to make nominations for county offices.

Resolved, That this meeting recognize with feelings of gratitude the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States to restore union, harmony and good will among the American people.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting, be sent to the North Carolinian for publication and that all other Conservative papers be requested to copy.

On motion of Mr. Willis Rasberry, the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the chairman and secretary. JOHN HARVEY, Chm'n.
B. James Best, *Secretary.*

Mr. Browning, Secretary of the Interior, has been appointed the acting Attorney General.

Senator Hendricks, of Indiana, requests his friends not to present his name as a candidate for the Presidency.

DIED.

Died in Prairie county, Arkansas, on the 27th December last, Mrs. MARGERET NICHOLS, wife of Willie Nichols, and daughter of James Baker, Esq., of Franklin county.

Also, on the 12th of February, WILLIE NICHOLS, aged 42 years, late of Wake county, N. C.

City papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING AND SUMMER IMPORTATION, OF 1868!

RIBBONS, MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS & JOBBERS OF
Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons, Bonnet Silks, Satins and Velvets, Blonds, Netts, Crapes, Ruches, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, Straw Bonnets and Ladies' Hats, (trimmed and untrimmed), Shaker Hoods, &c., &c.
237 and 239 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.
Orders solicited, and prompt attention given.
Baltimore, Md. mar12d3w.

EXCELSIOR!

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Exhibits Assets to the 1st January 1868,

$8,000,000.

While the Annual Income for the year closed reaches $5,000,000, and 16,000 New Policies Issued.

THE ÆTNA was Chartered in 1819, and is an Old and Reliable Institution, and has no superior.

Losses Paid in the last Forty-seven years, over $17,485,894 71.

This Company pays losses promptly. Has no restriction to travelling or residing in any part of the United States. Is paying an

ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF 50 PER CENT.

to her members. No other Company has lower rates, or gives any "peculiar advantages" in reality.

Office of the Agency, over the store of Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co. Those contemplating Insurance will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber.

DR. W. H. MCKEE, Examining Physician, W. H. CROW, Gen'l Ag't, Raleigh, N. C.
Jan30-1m.

ASSETS, $17,000,000 00.

With an income over

$6,500,000 00

Surplus assets, deducting liabilities, over

$6,000,000 00.

The CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, was organized in 1846, and now has over

55,000 POLICIES,

in force, being a larger number than any other Company in the world.

Its Net Assets are larger than any other Company

Dividends have averaged over 50 per cent, and a credit of one-half the premium is given, which, in case of death is cancelled by anticipated dividends.

The interest received, during the past ten years, has more than paid its losses.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE BY THEIR TERMS.

and no extra charge made, except only where the risk is extra hazardous;

No Notes are required after the fourth year - Dividends paying half the premium thereafter,

No Deduction of Notes—No Assessment.

Assurance can be effected in all the forms desired.

SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
General Agent N. C.,
Raleigh.
Jan. 30-tf.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN.

For General Market Reports see Commercial Intelligence on Third Page.

OUR NOON DISPATCHES.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, March 13.

A dispatch from Boston announces that the Massachusetts State Convention declared for Gen. Grant and Senator Wilson as the candidates of the party for President and Vice President.

A new bill in the Georgia case was offered in the U. S. Supreme Court this morning. Mr. Carpenter, on behalf of the Secretary of War and others, objected on the ground that no one was authorized to appear here on behalf of Georgia. Jenkins was not, he argued, Governor of that State. The court took the bill and objection under advisement and will probably decide the matter next Monday.

At 12 o'clock the Senate galleries were filled. No black faces in the crowd. This latter fact creates indignation among the Republicans. The ladies occupy nearly all the seats, the members having apparently confined their invitations to privileged places to their boarding houses. Senators occupy their usual seats. In the rear are one hundred and fifty chairs for members. Stanbery, Curtis and Nelson are present as counsel for President Johnson.

At 1 o'clock, Chief Justice Chase entered the court and proclaimed it open. During the reading of the Journal, the head of the House procession, arm in arm, appeared at the Senate entrance, where it halted at ten minutes past one o'clock. The managers announced Stevens and Butler absent.

The roll is now being called to swear Senators who were absent. An hour will be occupied in this routine.

From Havana.

HAVANA, March 13.

The cholera prevails at St. Domingo. Baez had not arrived. Hungra is to be made acting President.

OUR MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

[SPECIAL TO THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.]

Glorious News from Wayne

HOLDEN STUMPED ON THE STUMP.

HE REFUSES COMBAT AT GOLDSBORO

A "STRONG" MAN FRIGHTENS HIM.

GOLDSBORO, March 13.

X. P. G. Holden spoke here to-day to less than three hundred negroes and two dozen whites. It was the occasion of the grand mass meeting of the Wayne Republicans, but the demonstration was even more tame than the Newbern and Kinston failures. There was no enthusiasm at all. Every attempt to invest the gathering with importance, by applause, only served to make conspicuous the waning fortunes of Radicalism in this section of North Carolina.

Holden is evidently much discomfitted at the reception he had here. He expected an audience of at least 2,000. If not better encouraged, it is reported that he will retire from an active canvass of the State.

A note asking permission for George V. Strong to reply, was addressed to Holden, to which he replied verbally, declining to meet the champion of the White Man's party. Later in the day, however, Mr. S. addressed Holden's audience. Morrissey followed him. Both made forcible and effective speeches.

Col. Carrow, (Radical) of Beaufort, also spoke to the thin assemblage.

From present indications, it is probable Wayne will poll but a small Republican vote. The negroes are beginning to see the dishonesty of the white Scallawags and to distrust their policy as well as professions. Everything is working well for our cause. SPERRY.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, March 13.

There was a full Cabinet meeting to-day, previous to which the President was engaged with Stanbery and Curtis regarding the trial.

There was no argument in the Georgia case to-day.

In the steamer Wren case argued to-day, there are two points involved: when the right of capture as prize of war terminated, and whether vessels belonging to the Confederate government passed in right of property to the United States. The Wren was captured June 13th, 1865.

An eminent lawyer expresses the opinion that the McCardle opinion will not be given this term.

The Court of Impeachment has not voted the President authority or money to send for persons or papers. The defence, however, made no mention of these matters.

The debate to-day developed the fact that after the President makes his answer, on 23d, the managers will have to submit their replication to the House before presenting it. This routine will occupy three days, and if the Senate continues in its present temper, Mr. Johnson will not be denied all the time he desires.

Of the House members, Bingham and Butler spoke in the court.

Butler favored speed in the proceedings as this was a railroad age.

Stevens, during the absence of the Senate, reclined on two chairs in a prominent position. His terrible cough gave interest to every interruption in the proceedings.

Revenue Seizure.

BALTIMORE, March 13.

The revenue officers have seized coal oil refineries, also seventy barrels of whisky from Richmond for violation of revenue laws.

The New Hampshire Election.

CONCORD, March 13.

Two hundred and twenty-three towns give Harriman 39,531, and Sinclair 36,923. Eight towns unheard from gave Sinclair 116 majority last year.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, March 13.

SENATE—The chaplain prayed that the verdict of the high court of impeachment would be such as would be approved by the people and the high court of Heaven.

Private bills were considered until impeachment hour.

During the proceedings reported in the noon dispatch, the Chief Justice snubbed Howard once and Grimes twice, by interrupting their suggestions with the remark—The next thing in order. Edmunds, Patterson and Vickers were sworn. The managers and House entered. On motion, the President's counsel were notified and entered. Stanbery read a paper from the President authorizing himself, J. S. Black, Wm. M. Evarts, R. R. Curtis and Thos. A. Nelson to represent the President.

Mr. Stanberry asked forty days to prepare an answer to the articles of impeachment from the House of Representatives.

Mr. Bingham objected, insisting that the rules required the plea of the President to-day. He was sustained in this position by Senator Wilson.

A sharp argument ensued, when Mr. Edmunds moved to give Mr. Johnson's counsel till the 4th of April to answer, but before action was had on the proposition, a suggestion that the Senate retire for consultation prevailed.

The Senate remained out two hours and ten minutes, and on returning an order was made that the President shall answer on the 21st of March.

The managers moved that immediately after the replication, the trial proceed. Lost by a vote of 26 to 25. The Republicans voting nay were Messrs. Anthony, Edmunds, Fessenden, Foster, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Henderson, Howe, Morrill, Norton, Sherman, Sprague, Trumbull, Van Winckle, Willey and one other.

Mr. Conkling moved that the trial commence immediately after replication, unless the Senate granted time on cause. Carried by a strict party vote.

The Court then adjourned to 23d inst. and the Senate to Monday next.

HOUSE—A petition from the Georgia Convention for a loan of $100,000 to the Southern Georgia and Florida railroad, was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

A number of private bills were referred, when the House in Committee of the Whole proceeded to the Senate chamber.

Virginia Convention.

RICHMOND, March 13.

In the franchise report sections were adopted making all persons eligible to office who are entitled to vote—allowing all registered voters and none others to serve as jurors, and instructing the legislature to insert in its general registration law an oath to support the State constitution, to be taken by persons offering to register.

An ordinance was reported to prevent sales under deeds of trust made prior to April, 1865, unless property will bring two-thirds its cash value in 1860.

Democratic State Central Committee.

MACON, March 13th.

The Democratic State Central Committee, in session since last night, closed its labors this afternoon with the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the opinions and feelings of the National Democratic party of Georgia and of the United States, upon the unconstitutionality and injustice of the Reconstruction acts of Congress, are too decided and well known to require reiteration here. Their opposition to the action of the several Conventions called in pursuance of these acts, and to the effort to establish the supremacy of the negro race in the South, and to place the destinies of these States in the hands of adventurers and irresponsible persons, is equally decided and well known; yet warned by the fate of Alabama and actuated by the instincts of self-preservation, we feel it to be our duty, to the extent of our power to provide against every contingency, and would therefore urge upon our friends to participate in the election which is to be held on the 20th of April next, to the end that the best and wisest men—men permanently identified with Georgia, and who will administer her government in the interest of the people and not for the purposes of plunder—may be chozen to organize the government and frame the laws under which we and our posterity may have to live.

Resolved, That in view of these principles and objects, we recommend to the people of every name and faith who have the honor and welfare of Georgia at heart, that able jurist, conservative statesman and incorruptible patriot, Augustus Reece, of the county of Morgan, as their candidate for governor at the approaching election.

The following were chosen delegates at large to the Democratic National convention to be held in New York:—Gen. John B. Gordon, A. R. Salom, H. Chappell, B. H. Hill, and Henry S. Fitch.

The committee recommend district conventions to be held Tuesday, 31st March, to nominate candidates for Congress and delegates to the National Democratic Convention.

P. F. PESCUD,

DRUGGIST AND INSURANCE AGENT,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Keeps constantly for sale a complete stock of such articles as are usually found in a First Class Drug Store. Also, Garden and Field Seed, the quality and prices of which secure general satisfaction to the most particular and the closest buyers.

He represents

TEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

the combined capital and assets of which amounts to $6,000,00, and

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

whose assets exceed $17,000,000, at 9 per cent. interest.

The interest has exceeded losses for the past 13 years, and there has been a return of fifty per cent. premium money to Policy Holders for 18 years past. This is more than any other company in the United States can say.

Please call and see me at

MY OLD STAND,

where I may be found, ready and willing to oblige the public.

P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, Feb. 1-3m.

BRANSON & JONES,

Successors to Branson, Farrar & Co., continue the Book Business at the same stand, near Tucker's Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of Books and Stationery, at reduced prices.

☞ Consignments of second-hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.
L. BRANSON, Agent J. A. JONES.
N. C. Business Directory. jan30-tf.

The North Carolinian.

Raleigh, Saturday, March 14, 1868.

☞ The North Carolinian is published every morning in the building North-East corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Streets—up stairs.

☞ Entrance under the sign of NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY, Book and Job Printers.

Fourth Congressional District.

The delegates to the Conservative District Convention for the Fourth District, composed of the counties of Wake, Johnston, Chatham, Orange, Franklin, Granville, Warren and Nash, are respectfully requested to meet in convention, at Henderson, Granville county, on Thursday, the 19th inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress and to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention. Full and prompt attendance is earnestly requested.

W. J. GREEN,
H. G. WILLIAMS,
T. D. SNEAD,
District Committee.

March 9th, 1868.

THE Constitution and the Union,—and a white man's *government* for a white man's country.

"I hold that this Government was made on the white basis, by white men, for the benefit of white men and their posterity forever, and should be administered by *white men and none others*. I do not believe that the negro was made capable of self government."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

CITY AND STATE.

Meeting of the White Men's Club.

Posters on the streets announce that there will be a meeting of the White Men's Club of this City, at the Court House, at 7½ o'clock this evening. Able speakers have been invited to address the Club.

Every white man in the City and vicinage opposed to Radicalism and the negro constitution, is cordially invited to attend the meeting and connect himself with the Club. Let every such man be present at the hour designated. The crisis demands energetic and intelligent action.

Robbery.

The smoke house of E. E. Harris, Chief of Police, was robbed of meal and flour night before last. The thieves effected an entrance by digging a hole under the floor, but must have been frightened away by some noise or other, as they didn't take any of the bacon.

Complimentary.

The Warrenton Indicator, noticing the Annual Commencement of the Medical Department of the University of Maryland, pays a merited tribute to the personal worth and professional attainments of DRS. W. T. Howard and M. J. DeRosset, sons of North Carolina and members of the corps of professors in the institution above named.

The validic ory address to the graduating class was delivered by Dr. Howard, and it was worthy of him, we know. Dr. DeRosset has already won the reputation of being the best chemist in Baltimore.

The young men of North Carolina can find no safer or abler instructors than are those composing the faculty of the Medical Department of the Maryland University.

Public Speaking at Sorrell's.

We learn that quite a large crowd assembled at Sorrell's, in this county, on yesterday to hear the opposing candidates ventilate their views on the situation. Moses A. Bledsoe, Esq., and Capt. J. Q. A. DeCarteret, spoke in behalf of the White Man's Party, and made a good impression.—Joseph William Holden and the Arkansaw Bummer, Dewese, made feeble efforts in behalf of the mongrels. Tim Lee, a bould Kilkenny cat, and in "narry" wise related to our Reporter, announced "himself" a "kendydit" for the sheriffalty. The orators then dispersed "*sine diem*," as the classical "diligit" from Davie would phrase it.

Disinfectants Wanted.

Pah! How that Capitol smells! It has become an into lerable nuisance that stinks in the nostrils of all decent folks of whatever class or color. The very evergreens, planted years since to beautify the square, are being wilted by the noisome odors—the noxious exhalations of Dan Kowles' filthy menagerie.

How the public officers occupying the rooms above and below have stood it thus long, passes our comprehension. We suppose, however, that they don't stay there now beyond office hours as fixed by law; that they keep their windows up; wear buckskin cravats well steeped in Spirits of Turpentine, and carry kerchiefs most plentifully bedewed with Lubin's costliest extracts, Bay Rum, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Night-Blooming Cereus, etc. Even these prudent precautions against contagion and stench will prove ineffectual unless the menagerie is removed, and its quarters cleansed (if possible) in double quick time. The conclusion of Kowles' engagement here is now fixed for Tuesday next—thrice happy day of long promised deliverance from black-tongue, scald-head, pestilence, leprosy, seven years itch! and every imaginable malady that flesh is heir to. The animals will be turned loose to graze at will; to return unwelcomed to their native wilds. They will scatter and the immediate local cause of disease and death in this community will disappear. Contact with these varmints individually is not so much to be dreaded. Singly they are comparatively innocuous, but we do assure our readers that an aggregated concentration of their peculiar *effluvia* is more to be feared than Typhus, Yellow Jack or Asiatic Cholera. We do most earnestly adjure our State officers at the capitol to lay in at once several hundred pounds of chloride of lime and other powerful disinfectants, and to engage the services of Solomon Bragg (colored) and a whole regiment of sweeps and scourers, with a view to having the Commons Hall—now fouler than a cage of unclean birds—washed, purged, scraped and thoroughly deodorized. Unless this be done immediately upon the breaking up of the pestilent concern, we can but forebode the most direful consequences to all who have the misfortune to reside in this vicinity. As we do not doubt that this advice, elicited by the imminence of our peril, will be promptly heeded, we would suggest to our druggists to lay in forthwith a heavy supply of the most efficient disinfectants. *Verbum sap. sat.*

Question.

"What can be a more desolate spectacle than an old maid sitting on an inverted half-bushel, in a kitchen, with her feet on the brim of a slop-bucket, pairing her corns with a case knife by the light of a tallow candle?—*Exchange.*

ANSWER: Sylvester Carter, mean-white representative of the *niggers* and *mongrels* of the county of Sampson, sitting in the "Smellfungus Mundungus" Menagerie, with his mangy feet cocked up on the mahogany desk before him, overwhelmed by the prospect of an early adjournment, when he will no longer be able to pick and gouge that unblown, snivelling nose of his, to the exceedingly pleasant and profitable tune of the new and popular negro melody, beginning with

"Eight dollars a day
And mileage *bofe* way."

A Point of Order Well Taken.

During the performances of the menagerie, on yesterday, while Jones, of Washington, the bachelor Knight of the Sorrowful Figure, was making a speech on one of the numerous applications for divorce, the Egyptian gorilla from Cumberland, interrupted him. At the same moment two four-legged dogs began a fight in the lobby. Rich, of Pitt, rose to a point of order, that the rules of the House did not allow more than one delegate to bark at a time. The point was well taken, but it was so fine the crack-brain automaton in the chair "could n't see it."

The conceited office clerk, hailing from Nubbern, who appears so often in public on the stage under an affected and romantic name, is too ambitious. He seems to be a mighty willin' little crittur, but he can't quite ketch. We really wish he *could* work himself up into——notice; it would do him so much good.

When we set out to hunt wolves, we are unwilling to waste our ammunition on skunks.

Convocation.

The Western convocation of the Protestant Episcopal Church met in Charlotte yesterday.

Escaped.

Lewis, the horse thief, has escaped from the jail at Leasburg, Caswell county.

The Flag and its Bearer.

The Charlotte Democrat, expecting the arrival of Sergeant Bates at that point, "in a few days," bearing the national flag, proposes that the Charlottese give him a cordial reception and welcome.

Gen. Alney Burgin died recently at his residence in McDowell county, after a painful illness. He was an estimable citizen, and for many years a representative of his county in both branches of our State Legislature.

Schoolmaster Abroad.

"Ye local" of the Charlotte Courier spells balloon with one l. This is almost as bad as spelling "July" with a G, or "bankrupt" with a K in the middle.

Charitable.

The Ladies Benevolent Society of the city of Charlotte is engaged in soliciting subscriptions for the purpose of founding a school for destitute children there. Will not the fair women of the metropolis emulate this praiseworthy example?

Some Eagle.

Mr. Philip Head killed a large gray eagle, on Bald creek in Yancey county, a few days since. It measured seven feet from tip to tip of its wings, and its extended claws covered a space of seven and a half inches.

Copper Mining.

The Gardner Copper Mines in Guilford county are being successfully worked. The Patriot chronicles the arrival at Greensboro' on Monday last of a large train of cars heavily loaded with its rich ores.

Burglarious.

The residence of John Crane, Esq., and the jewelry store of Mr. Farrar, both residents of Greensboro, were entered and robbed, the former on Sunday and the latter on Tuesday night last. Greensboro will soon be a city.

Smoke House Rifled.

The smoke house of Mr. Joseph Newman, who lives in the southern part of Guilford county, was robbed recently of all its bacon. Three mean whites were the perpetrators. They were arrested, and most of the meat recovered.

An Outrage.

On Monday night last when the passenger train for the West was leaving McLeansville, on the North Carolina railroad, some cowardly miscreant threw a stone of several pounds weight into the window of the ladies' coach. The missile shattered the glass and wooden frame work, but fortunately no one was harmed by it.

From the Watchman & Old North State.

In Memoriam.

In consequence of an afflicting dispensation of Divine Providence, we are involved in the deepest mourning. Death, with all of his terrors, has entered our beloved mountain region, he has sought a "shining mark," and as if to make us all sensible of his infinite power, he has selected a victim whose endowments of mind and heart, doubly endeared him to all his friends and to his county. A brilliant light has been extinguished from among us. GENERAL ALNEY BURGIN, one of McDowell's best citizens after a painful illness of 16 days, was called from his earthly labors, on the 26th day of February at 5 o'clock, A. M., to pass the vail and go to that "brighter and better world" to "eat of the hidden manna and receive the new name written in the White Stone which no man knoweth, save him that receiveth it."

GEN. BURGIN was born in this (McDowell) county and had reached his three score and ten years of age, but, notwithstanding his great age and silvery locks, when he was first stricken with disease he possessed remarkable powers of mind and health, and bade fair to add another score to his already ripe age. At the time his illness commenced he was whetting his political sword to battle in the contest for constitutional liberty, but alas! cruel death sheathed his sword.

The General has represented this county a great many times in both Houses of the State Legislature, and I can very truthfully add that his many high and noble attributes of character as a christian, gentleman, citizen and mason, kept him high above isms and political filth, so much so, that he was loved by his political adversaries. His purse was forever open to charity, and his lips and ears forever closed against personal strife. With us no cloud hovers over his history—no blot on his good name. Of him the past speaks.

'Mong the ransomed and blest on the radiant shore,
Who is there more worthy its glory to share?
His *work was done well!* and God's fingers have placed
Gems of Love in the crown he forever will wear.
Not dead, nor yet sleepeth, oh! mystical words
That thrill to our hearts, he has only gone home.

J. T. B.

Pleasant Retreat, Feb. 29, 1869.

COMMERCIAL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Markets.

NEW YORK, March 13.

Wheat dull. Flour dull and drooping. Corn steady. Rye firm. Pork quiet; new mess 24a 12½. Lard dull. Whisky nominal. Cotton dull and dropping at 25c. for Uplands. Turpentine irregular at 69a70c. Rosin steady. Stocks active and better after call. Money 7 per cent; Exchange 9½. Virginia 6's., extra coupons, $52½. Gold 37a38.

LONDON, March 13—Afternoon.

Bonds 71½.

LIVERPOOL, March 13—Afternoon.

The stock of cotton now afloat for this port is 281,000 bales, of which 125,000 is from the United States.

LONDON, March 13—Forenoon.

Consols 93@93¼. Bonds 71½@72.

LIVERPOOL, March 13—A. M.

Cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales of 10,000 bales. Sales of the week 84,000 bales, including 19,000 for export, and 15,000 for speculation.—Stock three hundred and nineteen thousand, of which 193,000 are American.

PARIS, March 13.

Bank increase of 10,000,000 francs.

NEW YORK, March 13.

Cotton shade lower, and more doing. Sales of 25,000 bales at 24½@25. Flour still rules in buyers' favor, though prices quotably unchanged. Wheat dull. Corn steady. Mess pork $24½. Lard 14¼a15½. Groceries firm. Turpentine 69½a70. Old bonds 10½. N. C. sixes 65. Gold 1 39½.

BALTIMORE, March 13.

Cotton firm and quiet at 24½. Flour firm. Wheat very firm; choice Southern 2 90. Yellow corn firmer, 1 17a1 18; white dull, 1 09a1 11. Provisions very quiet. Bulk shoulders 10½; bacon 12a12½.

WILMINGTON, Feb. 13.

Spts. Turpentine declined, 61c. Rosin quiet; No. 2, 2 40. Cotton weaker; middling 22. Tar firm at 2 30.

LIVERPOOL, March 13—P. M.

Cotton closed unchanged. Uplands 10½; Orleans 10¾. Sales of 10,000 bales. Stock in port 344,000, instead of 319,000 as reported this morning.

RALEIGH MARKET.

Reported by

Douglas Bell, Grocer & Com. Merchant,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Apples,	6 50@ 8 00
Bacon, Country	16@21
" Baltimore	15@17
Beef on Hoof	10@15
" Nett	10@20
Butter	30@50
Cotton	18@19
Corn	$1 30@1 35
Coffee	24@50
Eggs	20@25
Flour	12@18
Fodder	1 25@1 50
Guano	$100@$110 per ton
Herrings	$6@$9
Hides—Green	8c per lb
" Dry	12½@15
Hay	75@$1 00
Lard	18@20
Meal	1 35@1 50
Molasses	55@$1 00
Mullets, per barrel,	8 00@00 00
Nails	7½@10
Onions,	8 50@10 50
Potatoes—Irish	6 50@ 7 00
" Sweet,	75@1 00
Peas	1 50@1 75
Rags	4½@5
Salt	3 00@4 25
Sugar	12 @19½
Tea	$2 00@$2 25
Tallow	10@12½
Vinegar	40@75
Whiskey	2 25@$5 00

MONEY MARKET.

Reported by

John G. Williams & Company, Bankers,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Gold,	138
Silver,	133
Exchange on New York,	¼
Old Coupons,	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons,	93
Old Sixes,	53

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina,	50
" Cape Fear,	27
" Charlotte,	29
" Lexington,	Old 19, New 10
Graham,	24
" Roxborough,	60
" Wadesborough,	25½
" Thomasville,	55
" Wilmington,	26
" Commerce,	17
" Washington,	8
" Fayetteville,	11
" Clarendon,	4
" Yanceyville,	7
Miners' and Planters' Bank,	38
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough,	12@27
Commercial Bank, Wilmington,	26
Merchants' Bank, Newbern,	65
Greensborough Mutual,	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20

STOCKS:

Raleigh & Gaston R. R.	38@40
Raleigh Gas Light Co.	125
Raleigh Nat. Bank	100
North Carolina R. R.	25 nominal

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions, Feb'y Term, 1868.

M. B. Royster *vs.* T. H. Snow.—Attachment.

In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is a non-resident, *it is ordered* that advertisement be made in the North Carolinian for six weeks, for said defendant to appear and plead, or judgment will be entered according to law. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C

Feb. 28, 1868.—oaw6w.

WE are requested to announce that by the request of many friends JOHN A. McDONALD, of Chatham, has consented to become a Candidate to represent this, the Fourth District, in the Congress of the United States.

Feb, 28, 1868. d26-1 &wtd.

The White Man's Ticket!

For Lieutenant Governor:
EDWARD D. HALL.
of New Hanover.

For Attorney General:
SION H. ROGERS,
of Wake.

For Superintendent of Public Works:
GEN. SAM'L. F. PATTERSON,
of Caldwell.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction:
REV. B. CRAVEN,
of Randolph.

For Secretary of State:
ROBERT W. BEST,
of Greene.

For Auditor of Accounts:
S. W. BURGIN,
of Buncombe.

For Public Treasurer:
KEMP P. BATTLE,
of Wake.

For Chief Justice of North Carolina:
RICHMOND M. PEARSON.

For Associate Justices of the Supreme Court:
WILL. H. BATTLE, of Orange,
EDWIN G. READE, of Person,
(and if the number be increased to five,)
MATT. E. MANLY, of Craven,
A. S. MERRIMON, of Buncombe.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District:
DAVID A. BARNES,
of Northampton.

Second District:
E. J. WARREN,
of Beaufort.

Third District:
GEORGE V. STRONG,
of Wayne.

Fourth District:
WILLIAM S. DEVANE,
of New Hanover.

Fifth District:
RALPH P. BUXTON,
of Cumberland.

Sixth District:
ROBT. B. GILLIAM,
of Granville.

Seventh District:
THOMAS RUFFIN, JR.,
of Alamance.

Eighth District:
FRANCIS E. SHOBER,
of Rowan.

Ninth District;
WILLIAM M. SHIPP,
of Lincoln.

Tenth District:
ANDERSON MITCHELL,
of Iredell.

Eleventh District:
JOHN L. BAILEY,
of Buncombe.

Twelfth District:
ALLEN T. DAVIDSON,
of Macon.

NOMINATIONS FOR WAKE COUNTY.

For the Senate:
MOSES A. BLEDSOE.

For the House of Commons:
COL. JNO. P. H. RUSS.
REUBEN FLEMING.
JESSE A. NORRISS.
J. J. OVERBY.

For Sheriff:
DAVID LEWIS.

For Superior Court Clerk:
QUENTIN BUSBEE.

For County Court Clerk:
J. J. FERRELL.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions Feb'y Term, 1868.

John A. Moore *vs.* James V. Moore, Attachment.

In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is a non-resident, *it is ordered* that advertisement be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in Raleigh, for six weeks, for said defendant to appear and plead, or judgment will be entered according to law. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

feb 28-oaw6w.

PIANO TUNING!

The agent of the firm of Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, is now in town, and will be pleased to attend to any business in his line.

All should avail themselves of this rare and reliable opportunity. Orders may be left with Prof. Hanson, at the Post Office, or at the Exchange Hotel. F. W. WALTER.

Raleigh, Feb. 27, 1868. 25—d3tpd.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

Cotton Factors and General Produce and Commission Merchants.

CORNER HIGH AND WATER STREETS,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Consignments solicited. feb 11-3m.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES WANTED!

Call at W. H. Jones & Co.'s Store before you sell. Highest cash prices paid by

J. B. HUNTER,
of the firm of
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
Portsmouth, Va.

Mar5-d1w.

PROSPECTUS.

THE

NORTH CAROLINIAN,

A DAILY,

Democratic Newspaper,

PUBLISHED AT

RALEIGH, N. C.

W. A. HEARNE, JOHN W. DUNHAM,

EDITORS.

The NORTH CAROLINIAN is Democratic in its principles. It is unalterably opposed to Negro Suffrage, Military rule, and Reconstruction upon the basis of Congressional enactment.

Its Editors believe and teach that this is a

WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT,

FRAMED BY THE BRAINS, AND

WON BY THE BLOOD OF WHITE MEN,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHITE MEN,

AND THAT IT SHOULD BE

CONTROLLED BY WHITE MEN ONLY.

As there is but ONE NATIONAL ORGANIZATION professing these sentiments and committed to their maintenance, the NORTH CAROLINIAN will steadily advocate the abandonment of all other party names and organizations, and yield a hearty co-operation with that organization—the

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN,

Will contain the freshest News, by telegraph and otherwise. Full reports of all Legislative Assemblies will be furnished its readers.

Particular attention will be paid to State news, and each number will contain a complete epitome of every incident reported in the State press.

MARKETS will be carefully reported.

The Weekly North Carolinian

Is the largest and handsomest paper in the State and will be filled with choice family reading and selected literary matter.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION:

DAILY, one year,	$8.00
" six months,	4.00
WEEKLY, one year,	3.00
" six months,	2.00

Terms—Cash in advance.

We respectfully request our friends in all portions of the State to interest themselves in our behalf.

RATES OF ADVERTISING LIBERAL.

☞ As the North Carolinian retains the subscription list which it had as a semi-weekly at Wilson, it offers superior inducements to advertisers.

All Communications on business should be addressed to

THOS. J. LEE,
Business Manager.

BALTIMORE.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN HEALTH RESTORER!

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER IN THE WORLD!

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

for the cure of

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

such as

Consumption in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Liver, Kidneys, &c.; Rheumatism, White Swelling, Mercurial Affections, Sore Eyes, Old Sores, Diseases Peculiar to Females, Eruptions of the Skin, General Bad Health, And all other Diseases caused

BY AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD.

☞ The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy*.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the professions and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.,
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. RING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.
January 11th, 1868.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE WORST CASES OF SCROFULA. READ THE STATEMENT BELOW, AND DESPAIR NOT.

WILSON COUNTY, Sept. 10, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE:

Dear Sir—My youngest daughter, aged five years, has been dreadfully afflicted with Scrofula nearly all her life. I tried a great many Physicians, but without relieving her much; in fact, most of them said there was no hope of cure.—During the last Spring she was worse than ever, her body and limbs being covered with sores and blotches—with face and eyes badly ulcerated and swollen. Whilst in this condition, I was advised by Dr. L. A. Stith to try your Rosadalis. I at once procured three bottles, and commenced giving it to her. *The effect was magical. In less than a month*, to my great astonishment, *she was entirely well.*

I am, sir,
Yours, with respect and gratitude,
W. W. BURNETT.

ROSADALIS CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES.

WILSON, N. C., Sept. 15, 1867.

DR. LAWRENCE—Dear Sir:—In 1862 my son, now aged five years, was vaccinated with what proved to be impure matter, which completely destroyed his health. He has been afflicted with an inveterate and extremely troublesome *Eruption of the Skin*, sometimes breaking out in sores, &c. Rosadalis was prescribed by my family physician—Dr. A. D. Moore. After taking it a few weeks, my son became and remains *entirely well.* Yours truly,

J. B. DANIEL.

CHRONIC LIVER COMPLAINT CURED.

This is to certify that I was *cured of Chronic Liver Complaint* by Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, after having been confined to my bed and house for a long time, and trying various medicines without benefit.

I know of several others in this County, *cured* through the use of the Rosadalis, and it can be found in nearly every house in my neighborhood, and they all praise it as a great medicine.

THOMAS THORN.
Greene county, August 14, 1867.

ROSADALIS IS A POTENT REMEDY IN ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

From G. W. Blount, Esq., Attorney at Law, Wilson, N. C.

I have been cured of Chronic Inflamation of the ear and Partial Deafness, of ten years' standing, by ROSADALIS. GEO. W. BLOUNT.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE VERY WORST CASES OF CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's ROSADALIS. JAMES WILLS.

Wilson, N. C., May 6, 1867.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold Wholesale by all the principal Wholesale Druggists, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD and P. F. PESCUD.

NEW YORK.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.
E. MURRAY, Wilmington. J. T. MURRAY, N. Y.
to Jan 2.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,
(Late of North Carolina,)
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 37 Nassau Street, New York.
Associated with Roger A. Pryor, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend thoroughly and promptly to all business committed to his management.
to Aug. 24.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
24 EXCHANGE PLACE, New York.
to Sept. 28.

HATCH, ESTES, & CO.,
General Commission Merchants, No. 132 Front Street, Corner of Pine, New York.
CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton and Naval Stores solicited.
Usual advances made and all orders promptly executed.
O. C. HATCH, New York. L. G. ESTES, Wilmington, N. C. M. F. HATCH, New York
to Sept. 7.

J. T. MURRAY & CO.
Commission Merchants, No. 188 Front Street, New York.
J. T. MURRAY N. Y. E. MURRAY, N. C.
to Jan. 2.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTH
Grafton Mineral Paint Co., are now turing the Best, Cheapest and most Dura in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pur Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Carmakers, Pails and Wooden ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof.) Floor Oil Cloths, [one Manufacturer having used 600 lbs. the past year.] and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,
to May 9 254 Pearl Street, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. T. MORRIS,
Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all descriptions; Raymond's Metallic Cases, and wooden coffins of all kinds always on hand.—No. 127, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Branch House at Raleigh, N. C.
to April 17

GOLD PREMIUM PIANO FORTES.
Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, Md., Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Pianos. Office Nos. 1, 3, 5 and 7 Eutaw Street. Ware-room No. 250 W. Baltimore Street. Factory corner Eutaw and West Streets.
to nov 27.

FOUNDED 1852. CHARTERED 1854

The Practical Business College for Young Men, Corner of Baltimore and Charles Streets, Baltimore, Md., the most extensive and the leading Business College of Baltimore.

Now is the time for Young Men to Prepare themselves for Business. Daily Lectures. All interested are respectfully invited to call at the College and examine our Superior Facilities.

For terms of Tuition and full particulars, write for our large Illustrated College Journal, which will be sent by return mail, free of charge, with samples of money, Commercial and Business Papers, and beautiful specimens of Spencerian Penmanship.

Address, E. K. LOSIER, Principal.
to May 1 Baltimore, Md.

T. J. JOHNSON, JR., OF N. C., with
NASCIMENTO & SCOTT
Manufacturers of Fine Felt Hats, and wholesale dealers in Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, &c., No. 450 Broadway, New York, between Howard and Grand streets. Factory, 8 Burnett street, Newark, N. J. Feb25-3m

ALLAN & JOHNSON,
SEED GROWERS AND DEALERS,
1506 MAIN STREET,
RICHMOND, VA.

Descriptive Catalogues for Spring of 1868 now ready, and will be forwarded to any one applying for them.

Particular attention paid to sending SEEDS BY MAIL.

Upon the receipt of Catalogue price, we will forward any Seeds ordered, and guarantee their safe delivery. For PEAS, BEANS, CORN, and other heavy Seeds, 8 cents per lb. must be added to the remittance to pay postage.

There is special Postal arrangement for transmitting seeds by mail, and for all packages not weighing over four pounds it is the safest and most expeditious way of obtaining them. Larger quantities will be forwarded according to instructions.

Remittances by check payable to order, by Post Office draft, or in registered letters are at our risk.

Send for Catalogues, and address

ALLAN & JOHNSON,
Box 478, Richmond, Va.
To February 22.

1852 AT THE OLD STAND. 1852
ESTABLISHED IN 1852.

WE have now on hand, and are constantly manufacturing some of the best Buggies, with and without tops; Rockaways, two and four seats; Wagons, spring and plantation, that were ever exhibited in North Carolina, and respectfully solicit a call from all who may design purchasing anything in our line, before they have made a selection.

We are constantly manufacturing of superior material, also, Harness, of every description required in this section of country, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices, and guaranteed to be as represented by the undersigned, at the old Established Shops, on Nash Street.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance from our old friends, and request a trial from those who have not proved us.

Prices reduced to suit the times. Orders solicited. Very respectfully,

PARKER, MURRAY & CO.
Wilson, N. C., June 19th, 1867, tf.

PROSPECTUS OF THE WESTERN VINDICATOR.

On or before the 1st of March, prox., the undersigned will commence the publication of a weekly newspaper bearing the above title, in the town of Rutherfordton, N. C.

The Western Vindicator, as its name signifies, will be devoted to the support of Western interests and the dissemination of useful intelligence, selected with especial reference to the wants of the section it will labor to represent.

Politically, it will, for the present, adhere to no party organization; but will give a cheerful support to all measures looking to the speedy restoration of the Union, the preservation of the Constitution *intact*, the supremacy of the white race, and the perpetuity of Republican liberty in America.

The "Vindicator" will have a larger circulation in Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland counties than any other newspaper. Advertising rates low.

Terms—$2 per annum.

R. A. SHOTWELL,
Feb 11-tf. Rutherfordton, N. C.

BALTIMORE.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
216 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,

Weigh, Lock, R. R. Track, Depot, Dock, Coal, Dormant, Warehouse, Platform,

Counter, Union, Family, Butchers Druggists, Jewelers, and Bank Scales.

Over one hundred modifications, adapted to every branch of business where a correct and durable scale is required.

A uniform standard of weights, and a correct system of weighing, are subjects claiming the attention of every individual in the community.
oct 30.

THE BEST WATER WHEEL IS LEFFEL'S Patent Double American Turbine, Manufactured by POOLE & HUNT, Baltimore, Md.
Send for a circular. to may 4.

THE CHOICEST AND OLDEST WINE GROWN IN THE STATE.

Joseph Taylor & Co., California Wines, Boundoc and Wine Bitters, the Pure Juice of the Grape. No. 4 North Street, Baltimore, Md
to nov 9.

CEMETERY NOTICE.—Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, of Italian and American Marble, of new and beautiful design, always on hand at GADDESS BROS., Steam Marble Works, Corner Sharp and German streets Baltimore, Md. to oct 23.

A. McLEISH. N. F. RIVES. J. W. KERR.

McLEISH, RIVES & CO.,

United States Bonded Warehouse, Cotton Factors, Tobacco and General Commission Merchants, North Exchange Place, Baltimore, Md.

☞ Special personal attention given to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Lumber, &c., and to the execution of orders for Merchants generally. to mar 14.

HUGH MACNAIR,

With Phillips and Maitland, General Commission Merchants, 25 Bowly's Wharf, Baltimore, Maryland.

D. F. PHILLIPS. BURGUINE MAITLAND

Refer to Ex Gov. H. T. Clark, Tarboro', N. C. J. B. Ponder, Esq., Tarboro', N. C.; Dr. Thos D. Hogg, Raleigh, N. C..... to may 20.

WILLIAM MANN,

Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of American Clocks, and Manufacturer of Mahogany, Rosewood and Gilt Frame Looking Glasses, N. E. Corner Charles and Lombard Streets, Baltimore, Md.

A large and varied assortment of Toilet Boxes, Work Boxes, Portable Desks and Clock Trimmings, always on hand. --1sep 14.

HARDWARE.

WALTER S. MOORE & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
English, German and American Hardware, Cutlery, Axes, Spades, Shovels, Bellows, Vises, &c., No. 4 Light Street, Baltimore, Maryland.
—sep 14.

CUSHINGS & MEDAIRY,

Book, Paper and Stationery House, No. 6 North Howard Street, (Opposite the Howard House,) Baltimore, Maryland. Merchants' Account Books and Printing executed to order.

JOHN CUSHING. RICHARD C. CUSHING.
JACOB MEDAIRY. FRANCIS C. CUSHING.
to sept 14.

MACKENZIE BROTHERS,

No. 222 Baltimore Street, near Charles, Baltimore, Md., Importers of Coach, Wagon and Saddlery Hardware, Harness Materials, Fellocs, Spokes, Hubs, Bows, Shafts, Axles, Springs, Enameled and Patent Canvass, Enameled Dash and Collar Leather, Coach Varnish, Japan and Leather Varnish, Harness Oil, Blacking, Axle Grease, Carriage Bolts, Bands, Oil Cloth, Buckles, Terrets, Hooks, Bitts, Ornaments, Hames, Lace, Fringes, &c., all at the lowest price.
to may 28.

M. WARNER HEWES. HENRY W. WARNER.

HEWES & WARNER,

General Commission Merchants, for the sale of Cotton, Seed and Country Produce, and Agents for How's New Jersey Nursery, 18 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Refer to National Mechanics' Bank, and Worthington & Lewis, Publishers American Farmer.
to mar 14.

WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK STITCH FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

Over 500,000 Sold. Are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, Army Clothing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Linen and Cotton goods, with silk, cotton linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the articles sewed. Sold at Manufacturer's Prices.

W. MERRELL, Agent,
214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.
to sep7w.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore, Md., Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Steam Fire Engines, Leffel's Patent American Double Turbine Water-Wheel, Portable Grist Mills, Roberts' Burr Regulator, Flouring Mill Machinery, Cotton Screws, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
to may 4.

40 YEARS.

DEEMS' Southern Hepatic Pills, are made and sold by the discoverer, that old and well-tried remedy for all diseases caused by *DISEASED LIVER*, which is attended with all the symptoms of Consumption. In 1825 the Discoverer was reduced to a mere skeleton, and was pronounced by three of the most skillful physicians of one of our largest cities, to be in an advanced stage of Consumption, and beyond cure. He then began to try experiments on himself, and after many efforts discovered (by the help of an Indian) the remedy which wrought in him a perfect cure. He is now in the 78th year of his age, and at this advanced stage of life retains an excellent constitution. In 32 years itinerating in the ministry, he has seen more than a thousand persons, who were given up to die of Consumption as beyond cure, dragging out a miserable existence, not knowing what ailed them, they were cured by these Hepatic Pills, and afterwards enjoyed the most perfect health.

There is in these Pills a peculiar combination with an article which has probably never before been used as a medicine. They are highly strengthening, and mild in their action on the bowels. In the preparation of these very superior and excellent Pills, no cost or trouble is spared to insure the greatest possible degree of perfection, in point of ability, excellence and comfort; the advantage in these Pills, therefore, is that a cure must be radical and complete, without the necessity of incorporating such drugs into our Pills as to break down the system in one part to remove the disease in another, and leave the patient to groan under worse diseases than heretofore. Where these Pills are known, especially in the Southern States, where they have been used so extensively, they need no recommendation, their merits are so well known by their results, which has given them a reputation that has brought them into great demand. They are therefore destined to be, at no distant day, the only remedy recognized and used by the people where billious diseases are so prevalent.

They can be sent to any point in the United States by mail or express.

Price:—25 cents per box, $2 50 per doz. By the gross, $18. The cash must either accompany the order for the Medicine, or it will be sent C. O. D. Address

G. W. DEEMS,
tf 28 Calhoun street, Baltimore, Md.

WILMINGTON.

HAAS & CO.,

Manufacturers of Men and Boy's Clothing, Front Street, near Market, (Hedrick & Ryan's old Stand,) Wilmington, N. C.
Manufactory 830 Market St., Philadelphia.
Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, &c. Clothing made to order. to July 27.

J. VAN SICKLE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Snuff, Tobacco and Cigars, No. 12 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C. to july 2.

GEORGE A. PECK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hardware, Paints, Agricultural Implements, &c., No. 15 S. Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.
Nails—all numbers,
Hollow-ware, Cutlery,
Axes—Club, Timber and Boxing.
Plows—Nos. 6, 10, 11, 45, 50, 55, 60, Eagle A. & O.
Feed Cutters, Cornshellers.
Together with a full assortment of Builders' Hardware, Files, &c., which I offer very low to cash buyers.
to jan. 22.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

Great Reduction in Prices to Cash Buyers! The Largest and best assortment and stock in the State. Cotton and Naval Stores taken in Exchange for Goods GEO. Z. FRENCH,
10 South Front Street,
to Jan 20. Wilmington, N. C.

COX, PARMALEE & DIVINE,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.
Office in Flanner's Building, North Water Street, near the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Depot.
R. M. COX.
CHAS. PARMALEE.
to April 9. JOHN F. DIVINE.

D. A. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and Manufacturer of Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, Mattresses, Wall Paper, Window Curtains, Shades, etc.—Knock-Down Furniture, for Country Trade, at the lowest prices. Doors, Sash and Blinds, in great variety, always on hand. Houses papered at the shortest notice. North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C. to mar 20.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,

Commission Merchants, and Importers of Coffee, Sugar and Molasses, Wilmington, N. C.
Will give prompt personal attention to all business entrusted to their care, and make liberal cash advances on consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and other country Produce for sale or shipment.
All Consignments covered by Insurance from date of shipment,
Agents for E. F. Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.
Agents for Dupont's Powder.
to March 6.

PROSPECTUSES.

A WHITE MAN'S PAPER!

THE PLAINDEALER,

Published weekly at Wilson, N. C.
C. S. McDANIEL, Editor.

One year,.....$2 00.
Six months,.....1 00.
Three months,.....50.

PLATFORM:—*Freedom of Conscience—Free Trade—Free Press—Freedom of White Men.* "Sink or swim, live or die, survive or perish," these are our principles; and in their maintainance we ask the aid of true WHITE men every where.

THE PLAINDEALER is a live independent Southern paper, and, as such, it will always, under any and all circumstances whatever, seek to promote the prosperity of North Carolina from a Southern stand-point.

THE INDICATOR,

A Weekly twenty-eight column paper, devoted to Literature, Morality, Politics, Agriculture and General News, is published at Warrenton, N. C.

REV. T. B. KINGSBURY.....Editor.
W. F. WILLIAMS.....Proprietor.

1. It contains excellent literary selections from the best European and American sources.
2. It furnishes good matter from leading agricultural journals.
3. It gives the latest market reports, including Liverpool, New York, Baltimore, Petersburg and Norfolk.
4. It contains a good deal of interesting news matter, embracing political, personal and scientific.
5. It pays special attention to the publication of important current State items.
6. In politics, it is thoroughly independent, and is devoted to the best interests of the South. It is a white man's paper.

Price $3 a year; $1.50 for six months.
Feb22-tf

THE HOLDEN RECORD.

Good government, the real welfare of the Republican Party and every conceivable interest of the

"GOOD OLD NORTH STATE,"

demand the defeat of

W. W. HOLDEN.

To do this the undersigned calls on *every honest man in the State for aid and encouragement.*

He will Edit and Publish a Weekly
ILLUSTRATED CAMPAIGN PAPER,
at the low price of
FIFTY CENTS DURING THE CAMPAIGN,
in Raleigh, N. C., entitled
THE HOLDEN RECORD.

The first copy of which will be issued the 12th of March next, or earlier, should the cuts be received from New York.

☞ Every voter in the State must have a copy of this paper.

Again, the undersigned calls on every man who loves his country, and is desirous of permanent peace and prosperity, to aid him in hurling from political life forever this miserable sinner against the true Republican Interests of the State and Nation. Address

H. H. HELPER,
Feb. 28, 1868—d26tf Raleigh, N. C.

THE ROANOKE NEWS,

Published at
WELDON, N. C.

JORDAN STONE, Editor.
STONE & UZZELL, Proprietors.

A Semi-Weekly Conservative paper, devoted to News, Miscellany, and general reading matter—a fine advertising medium, being at the junction of all the Railroads, going East, North, West and South, and having a back country rich in products.

The proprietors, believing in the great principle that "*this is a white man's government, and should be ruled by white men,*" shall devote their every energy to the one aim of bringing this country back to prosperity and former rule, and shall strive to revert this State from the hands of those who now possess it, or would possess it.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One year, $4 00
Six months, 2 00
Three months, 1 00

Advertising rates will be as liberal as possible, and we bespeak the patronage of the advertising public. STONE & UZZLE,
Feb. 27, 1868—d26tf Proprietors.

GO FOR WATSON'S GALLERY.

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Ferreotypes, Gems, &c., &c., all executed with neatness and dispatch; also old Daguerreotypes copied and colored to Nature. J. W. WATSON,
Feb 17-tf Fayetteville st., Raleigh, N. C.

NORFOLK.

C. SCHWARZKOPF,

Importer and Dealer in German, French, English and Domestic Fancy Goods, No. 55 Main Street, Norfolk, Va. Combs, Brushes, Fans, Jewelry, Perfumery and Toys. Zephyr Worsted, Trimmings, Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, Hosiery, &c., &c.
Piano Fortes, of the best manufactories, always on hand.
to Aug 24.

NEW WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

We have just received, direct from the manufacturers, a large and varied stock of Boots, Shoes, Leather, Trunks, &c., which we offer to the trade on reasonable terms.
☞ Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. WHITEHEAD, TURNER & CO.,
No. 42 Iron Front,
West Side Market Square.
Norfolk, Va.—mar 7, 1md&w.

NOTICE! NOTICE! NOTICE!

The Wholesale Boot and Shoe Business of W. H. TURNER & CO, will hereafter be conducted under the firm and style of

BOTTIMORE, MARROW & CO.
W. H. TURNER & CO.

In making the above statement, we take this occasion to inform our customers and the trade generally that, since our removal to our

LARGE and COMMODIOUS WAREHOUSE,
ATLANTIC BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

we have greatly increased facilities and are fully prepared to conduct the WHOLESALE

BOOT, SHOE AND LEATHER BUSINESS,

on a much larger scale than heretofore.

We shall always keep on hand a large and selected stock of all kinds of desirable and seasonable goods in our line, which we guarantee to furnish at the

LOWEST NORTHERN WHOLESALE PRICES.
BOTTIMORE, MARROW & CO.,
Atlantic Block, Main street.
Norfolk, Va., March 8th, 1868. d-1m.

IMPORTANT TO COTTON PLANTERS!

Get the best. The UNIVERSAL COTTON GIN AND CONDENSER,—Horace L. Emery's Patent. Manufactured exclusively by

HORACE L. EMERY & SON,
Albany Agricultural Works, Albany, N. Y.
☞ Send for a Circular.

WARREN & WOODHOUSE, Agents,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
No. 8 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.
Proprietors and Manufacturers of Warren's celebrated
COMBINED COTTON, CORN, TOBACCO and VEGETABLE PLOW,
IRON TURNER PLOW AND SCRAPER,
Patented June 18th, 1867.
This is the greatest labor saving implement, for its cost, yet offered to the planter.
Agents for Bickford & Huffman's world renowned WHEAT DRILL, with GUANO AND GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT, and for F. F. SMITH'S Patent Cast CAST STEEL PLOW.
For circulars or information, address
WARREN & WOODHOUSE,
to Aug. 24 Norfolk, Va.

J. D. GALE,

Importer and Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, Wagon Material, Iron, &c.
No. 17 East Side Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.

Having purchased of Messrs. E. J. GRIFFITH & CO., their entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., and adding thereto by recent purchases from first hands, I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally, that I am now prepared to fill their order on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city, and solicit a share of their patronage.

☞ GIVE ME A CALL.
J. D. GALE,
No. 17 East Side Market Square,
Sign of the Pad-Lock, Norfolk, Va.

The undersigned have this day sold to Mr. Jas. D. Gale, their stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., at No. 17 East Side Market Square. In retiring from the retail trade, they return hearty thanks to their friends for the substantial evidences of their good will, and ask for their successor the same kind consideration and regard.
E. J. GRIFFITH & CO.
to Aug. 24.

A. WRENN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Carriages, Harness and Saddlery, No. 13 Union Street, Norfolk Va.
We keep constantly on hand a large number of Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, Sulkies, etc.
We will sell open Buggies from $145 to $225. Top Buggies from $210 to $325. Rockaways from $165 to $300.
Our stock of Carriage Material is likewise very large and complete, such as Springs, Axels, Spokes, Hubs, Shafts, Bolts, Bands, Trimmings, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to please, and to which we particularly invite the attention of country dealers. We respectfully invite an examination of our stock.
to March 16.

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 35 Commerce Street, Norfolk, Va.
A supply of Pure Peruvian Guano and other Fertilizers, Rope, Bagging, Groceries and Liquors, kept constantly on hand.
W. H. CHEEK.
W. E. CAPEHART.
C. CAPEHART.
to May 24.

BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods and Notions, 16 West Main Street, next to Exchange National Bank, Norfolk, Va.
L. BERKLEY.
W. M. MILLAR.
J. W. GRANDY.
to May 24. Formerly of N. C.

LATEST NEWS TO THE FARMERS OF North Carolina.

Your attention is called to my large stock of Agricultural Implements, Iron Steel, &c., &c.
Corn and Cotton Planters, Corn Shellers, Hay, Shuck and Corn Stalk Cutters, Fan Mills, Plows, of every kind, Harrows and Cultivators, Spades, Shovels Forks, Brier Hooks, Iron Axles, Springs, Cart & Wagon Boxes, &c.

I call particular attention to BILLUP'S CENTREBOARD COTTON SCRAPER, and to BILLUP'S DIXIE PLOW. The first is warranted to be the best Scraper ever yet invented, and the Farmers are requested to test its merits in connection with any other kind. The Dixie Plow is freer from choking than any other yet made; will pass through the ground with less power, and do better work than any other kind. This is no vain boast. 'Tis easy to claim superiority; hence I ask a trial.

If Farmers are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.
C. BILLUPS.
Agricultural Implements, Seed, Iron and Steel Warehouse No. 11 W. Water Street, Norfolk.
Jan. 30-tf.

DAVIS & BROTHER,

Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Liquors, and Agents for Carolina Belle Scotch Snuff, and various grades of Virginia Manufactured Tobacco.
Keep constantly on hand a full stock of Sugar and Coffee, Flour, Lard, Bacon, Candles, Family and Fancy Soaps, Cheese, Butter, Fish, Pork, Salt, Candy, Buckets, Brooms, Shot, Powder, and many other articles, to complete the assortment usually found in a Jobbing Grocery House.
Any consignment will have especial attention.
No. 24 Roanoke Dock, Norfolk, Va.
to April 17.

EDUCATIONAL.

BINGHAM SCHOOL,

MEBANESVILLE, N. C.

The Spring Term of the Session of 1868 begin March 4th
Course of Instruction:—Classical, Mathematical and Commercial. Address
to March 1. Col. WM. BINGHAM.

TEACHERS.—Two young ladies of good family educated at Salem, North Carolina, with one year's experience in teaching, wish situations as teachers in private families or public institutions. They can teach the English branches, Music, and the rudiments of French and Latin. Apply to Mrs. M. E. Phillips, Jackson, Northampton county, N. C. 1-1-5t.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

The Sixth Session of this School will commence January 16th, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

TUITION.

Classics, $25 00
Elementary Branches, 20 00
Board, (including everything except lights and towels,) 80 00

TERMS: One half in advance, the remainder at the close of the Session.
No deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness.
Pupils are requested to be present at the commencement of the Session.
Location healthy; neighborhood pleasant.
☞ Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested. Address,
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal,
Or, Rev. C. M. COOK,
to July 1. Warrenton, N. C.

WILSON FEMALE SEMINARY,

AT WILSON, N. C.

FACULTY:

Rev. William Hooper, Belles Lettres, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy. J. DeBerniere Hooper, Languages and English Criticism. Thos C. Hooper, Mathematics and Natural Science Richard Goerdeler, Music.
The Boarding Department will be conducted by one of the Principals.
For particular information, apply to
MESSRS. HOOPER, Principals.

The business concerns of the Seminary are in the hands of J. DEB. HOOPER,
to Proprietor.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

A situation as teacher of the higher English branches, by a young lady with ten years' experience in teaching. Would be glad of a situation as an assistant in an Academy, or of a neighborhood school, or family school. She brings good testimonials as an excellent teacher, and of one who is apt to teach, and whose heart is in the work. Will accept a salary suitable to the times, as she is without a home or parent to assist her.
Apply immediately for name and address at
Jan 22, tf. THIS OFFICE.

GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE.

The Spring Session will open on Monday, the 17th of February, and continue twenty weeks. Board and tuition, exclusive of lights and washing, $95 per session of twenty weeks. Pupils will be charged only from time of entrance. No deduction from tuition will be allowed, except in cases of protracted sickness. We have a corps of experienced and successful teachers. Ornamental Branches and Music moderate. For particulars, address E. W. ADAMS,
i-1-doaw till mar 1. President.

BOARDING HOUSE IN FRANKLINTON.

The Schools, both Male and Female, will soon commence, and I am prepared to furnish every convenience and accommonation for 10 or 12 boarders, usually found in a first class boarding house. Terms—$12½ per month—half in advance. For further particulars, address
MRS. ANN COGGIN,
tf Franklinton, N. C.

WILSON MALE ACADEMY,

WILSON, N. C.

The Spring Session will begin on the second Monday in January. Address
G. W. ARRINGTON,
to Principal.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE.

The Seaboard Inland Air Line, Via Portsmouth, Va., is now prepared to ship Spirits Turpentine to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, its steamers having bern arranged for that purpose.
This Air Line Route, from the fact of its avoiding transshipment from one Steamer to another, to which other lines are subject, and being the direct line between the Carolinas and the Northern Cities, with daily communication to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and to Boston a Steamer every five days, offers great facilities for shipping, and is in advance of all other routes from three to five days and at as low rates.
In shipping from the Northern Cities, or from Carolina, be careful to ship via Portsmouth, and by the Steamship Lines connecting with and forming part of this Route.
From Boston, Merchants and Miner's Line, E. Sampson, Agent, end Central Wharf.
From New York, Old Dominion Steamship Company, Pier 37, North river, M. L. McCready President. Office 187 Greenwich street.
From Philadelphia, Clyde Steamers, 14 South Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.
Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot. J. L. Wilson, Agent.
From Baltimore, Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock, R. L. Poor, Agent.
All claims for loss, damage, or overcharge, promptly settled by applying to
JAS. MCCARRICK, Trace Agent,
Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va.

The Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and Bay Line, having been consolidated under one Management from Weldon to Baltimore, offer greater facilities to shippers of freight to and from Baltimore than any other line, and guarantees safety of freight and prompt settlement of all claims.
E. G. GHIO,
Sup't Trans'n. S. & R. R.
W. C. SMITH, Supt Bay Line Steamers.
to Mar 4

PIANOS! PIANOS!! PIANOS!!

Chas. M. Stieff, Manufacturer of 1st Premium Grand and Square Pianos, Factories, 84 and 86 Camden St., and 45 and 47 Perry St. Office and Wareroom, No. 7 N. Liberty St., above Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.
All of our Pianos are of the New Style, with the Agraffe Treble and Ivory Fronts, and have all the latest improvements. Warranted for five years.
Second Hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand from $50 to $300
I respectfully refer to the following persons who have our Pianos in use:
Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C.; Wm. F. Mercer, Weeks B. Parker, James R Thigpen, John W. Johnson, A. Braswell, Dr. G. C. Sugg, Mrs. M. M. Oates and John Thorp, of Edgecombe; G. A. Selby, Wilson, N. C., and Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell Springs, N. C.
A call is solicited. Terms liberal. tf.

OLD HOUSE KEEPERS, NEW BEGINNERS, and others, will find it greatly to their advantage to make their purchases of CORTLAN & CO., 216 and 218 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md., who import and manufacture the Goods offered by them, and are therefore enabled to sell them at the lowest possible prices.
Housekeeping Articles of every description, from the most ordinary of Kitchen Utensils, to the richest Table and Parlor Ornaments.

CORTLAN & CO.,
Importers of Family Hardware, Plated Goods, China, Glass, Bronzes, Clocks, Fancy Ornaments, Table Cutlery, &c.;
Manufacturers of Block Tin, Japanned Wares, &c., and
Dealers in Wooden Ware, Baskets, Brushes, Mats, &c., &c. [to sep 7.
Baltimore, Md.

NORFOLK.

NOAH WALKER & CO.,

Clothiers, have removed to their new store in the Atlantic Block, Main street, Norfolk, Va.
to April 17.

W. R. HUDGINS,

Importer and Dealer in English, German and American Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Nails, Spikes, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, House-Furnishing and Builders' Hardware.
Agent for the sale of Circular, Cross-Cut and Pit Saws, Machine Belting and Packing.
Also for the best Edge Tool Factory in the country.
No. 11 MARKET SQUARE, Norfolk, Va.
to Aug. 21

TO THE MERCHANTS OF NORTH CAROLINA. We have completed our Stock of China, Glass and Queensware for the Fall Trade, and are now ready to offer inducements to the Merchants of North Carolina to buy their supplies in Norfolk. We are prepared to sell as low as similar goods can be bought in any market North of us, thereby saving the cost of freight, and avoiding the risk of breakage by frequent handling. We invite the trade to call and see us. MARTIN & ROGERS,
Importers and Dealers in China, Glass and Queensware, No. 37 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.
tf

FURNITURE,

CARPETINGS, PAPER-HANGINGS,

CHAIRS, BEDDING,

OIL CLOTH, MATTINGS, RUGS,

WINDOW SHADES, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,

S. A. STEVENS,

JOHNSON'S HALL,

MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

We call special attention to our Fine Stock of

PAPER-HANGINGS,

CORNICES AND CURTAIN GOODS.

Our stock of the above goods is one of the most

COMPLETE AND EXTENSIVE

South of New York. It embraces all grades and the most

RECENT STYLES.

Our prices are as low as can be purchased North, and we most respectfully solicit a call. We hold out extra inducements to Country Merchants, and we can fill orders on the most accommodating terms.

OUR CARPET AND OIL CLOTH DEPARTMENT

is on the lower floor—our store being 30 feet wide and 175 feet deep, and our stock comprises all grades of goods in this line, from the very cheapest Domestic to the very finest Brussels or Velvet Carpeting. We can offer especial inducements to Merchants—we will sell Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., as low as any house in the country. We have our goods manufactured especially for us with particular regard to the style and quality best suited to our trade.

Our stock of

FLOOR AND TABLE OIL CLOTH

is the finest in this State. We have constantly on hand all widths, from 18 inches wide to 24 feet wide.

OUR FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS

are on the second floor. Our main room is the Hall, which is the handsomest and largest exhibition room in the South. It is 150 feet long by 60 feet wide. There we display the greatest variety of Household Furniture to be found South of Philadelphia, and we guarantee to compete in price, style and quality of work with any house in the country.

We call especial notice to our

PAPER-HANGING AND WINDOW SHADE DEPARTMENT.

We are constantly in receipt of all the west designs of both Foreign and Domestic Papers.

BORDERS AND FIRE SCREENS, SHADES,

constantly on hand and made to order.

Our facilities for business are unsurpassed by any house, either North or South, and we invite the attention of housekeepers and the trade to our establishment, as we feel confident they will not fail to satisfy themselves that the above goods can be purchased on as favorable terms as at the North. Very Respectfully,
S. A. STEVENS,
Johnson's Hall, Main St., Norfolk, Va.
to July 24.

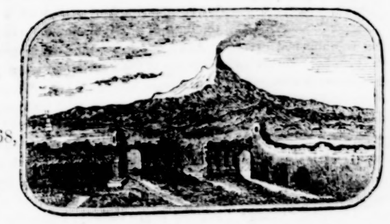
BRANCH & HERBERT,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, (Store formerly occupied by Hill, Warren & Co.,) No. 123, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va., will give their personal attention to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco and all other Produce entrusted to their care, and prompt returns made. Constantly on hand a good supply of Bagging, Rope and Fertilizers. We are prepared to fill orders for the celebrated Arrow Tie for Bailing Cotton.
MILES B. BRANCH, late of Branch, Rives & Co.
J. H. HERBERT, late of Halifax County, N. C.
to Mar 14

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY!

INCORPORATED IN MAY, 1819.

ASSETS, on *January 1st*, 1868, $8,000,000.



ANNUAL INCOME FOR THE YEAR PAST, $5,000,000.

NEW POLICIES ISSUED IN 1867 WAS 16,000.

THIS OLD AND WELL-TRIED INSTITUTION IS COMMENDED TO THE CONFIDENCE OF the American people by the fact that during its entire history all of its contracts and payments of losses has been promptly and honorably paid to the amount of $17,485,894 71, and notwithstanding this large amount paid, the Company has now more than One Million of Dollars above liabilities, and are paying back to her members 50 per cent. dividends. And what has been done in the past is to secure confidence for the future. No Company whatever does more or better for its members than the Ætna. Those contemplating this mode of providing for their loved ones will find it to their interest to call at the Office, over the store of Messrs. Tucker & Co.
WM. H. CROW, General Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
Dr. W. H. McKEE, Examining Physician.
February 15, 1868. 15-tf

RALEIGH.

JOHN NICHOLS,
JOHN C. GORMAN. JOHN B. NEATHERY.

NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY,

PRACTICAL

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,

BINDERS AND

BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURERS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The proprietors of this popular establishment (one of the most complete in the south) give their entire attention to the prompt and artistic execution of

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

Their stock of

PLAIN AND FANCY PAPERS, CARD

&c., is large and varied, and having been purchased at wholesale prices, for cash, can be furnished their patrons much cheaper than the same material can be bought from retail dealers.

ATTORNEYS,

CONSTABLES,

CLERKS,

and SHERIFFS

furnished at short notice with BLANKS of every description; also

MINUTE DOCKETS,

TRIAL DOCKETS,

EXECUTION DOCKETS,

MARRIAGE REGISTERS,

ADMINISTRATOR'S BOND BOOKS,

GUARDIAN BOND BOOKS,

TAX BOOKS, &c., &c.,

Ruled to any patern and Bound to order.

SCHOOL and COLLEGE CATALOGUES,

CIRCULARS, REPORTS, DIPLOMAS

etc., gotten up in a tasty style.

OLD BOOKS,

NEWSPAPERS,

MUSIC,

PERIODICALS,

LAW REPORT, etc.,

Bound in any style.

☞ Publishers and Agents for the sale of

BATTLE'S DIGEST and PHILLIPS' SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

PLUTO.

The origin of MINT JULEP,

Being the sad Story and Lamentable fate of the fair MINTHE.

A HUMOROUS POEM.

A few copies of this popular Poem still on hand.
Sent by mail, post paid on receipt of FIFTY CENTS.
NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY,
jul .12—tf. Raleigh, N. C.

PETERSBURG.

MCILWAINE & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers of Dry Goods, Notions and Ready-made Clothing, No. 79 and 83, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Agents for Bradley's Super Phosphate of Lime, Dealers in No. 1 Peruvian Guano and other Fertilizers.
R. D. MCILWAINE, FRANK POTTS, S. S. BARTLETT.
to Feb 27

COCKADE MARBLE AND GRANITE Works, Sycamore Street, (opposite Gen. Pegram,) Petersburg, Va.
The undersigned would return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has received from the people of North Carolina, and would respectfully inform them that he has constantly on hand a varied assortment of Grave Stones of finest material and workmanship, at low prices.
Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.
Also deals in Iron and Wire Railings.
☞ A deduction of 10 per cent. on grave stones for Confederate soldiers.
to May 1 CHAS. M. WEISS.

B. D. EVANS, (successor to EVANS & GOLDEN,) Manufacturer of The Warm Cooking Heating Stoves, of the most approved pattern. I have just returned from the North, where I selected my Stoves in person, and from my experience in the business, believe I can give satisfaction. It is too dear a time to be using a new Stove, and the best ever offered in market.
The Great Dolly Washing Machine, the wonder and admiration of all. Send your orders early.
Persons indebted to the late firm must settle as much longer indulgence cannot be given.
jan 30 tf D. D. EVANS.

TODD, FUGH & CO.,

General Grocers & Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.
Cotton Planters furnished with Bagging and Rope on liberal terms, payable out of the cotton crop.
We are agents for the celebrated Arrow Tie and Painted Iron Band, for baling cotton.
Twenty tons on hand, ready for delivery.
We are also agents for Woolston's Ammoniated Bone Phosphate of Lime.
Bagging and Rope of the best quality always on hand. tf

UPHOLSTERY GOODS. The subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the public to his large and well assorted stock of House Furnishing Goods, such as Carpets, Rugs and Mats, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Curtain Goods, Lace Curtains, Gimps and Tassels, Window Cornices, and Curtain Bands. Hair and Shuck Mattresses always on hand and made to order. Rooms papered at the shortest notice.
Our prices are as low as can be purchased at the North, and we most respectfully solicit a call.
J. M. WHITEHURST,
63 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.,
to Oct 16 Opposite the Court House.

HENRY T. ALLEY,

Confectioner, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fruits, Fancy Goods, Cigars, Toys, &c., 137 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Weddings and Parties furnished in the most approved style. to sep 14.

C. C. VINCENT,

Coppersmith, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufacturer, Plumming, Roofing, &c. Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and House Furnishing Goods, No. 20, Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
to Sept 14

MARTIN & TANNAHILL,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va. Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat &c., will have prompt and faithful personal attention. Orders for goods filled at reasonable prices for cash or to punctual customers.
ROBT. A. MARTIN.
to Mar 14 ROBT. TANNAHILL.

CHAS. E. ELLINGTON,

Upholsterer and Paper-Hanger, Manufacturer and Dealer in Paper-Hangings, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Curtain Goods, Cornices, Shades, Mattresses, Tassels, Loops, Gimps, Bands, Fringes, &c., No. 213½ Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
to sept 14.

TANNAHILL, McILWAINE & CO.,

General Commission Merchants, for sale of Produce and Purchase of Merchandise Generally.
No. 140 Pearl Street, New York.
MARTIN & TANNAHILL, of Petersburg, Va. McILWAINE & CO. of Petersburg, Va.
to Feb. 27.

OSBORNE, PATTERSON & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, 108 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
R. C. OSBORNE
J. R. PATTERSON,
to Sept 14 L. E. STAINBACK.

WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE.

JORDAN & CARR, (successors to Geo. B. Jones,) Corner Sycamore and Washington streets, Petersburg, Va., have the pleasure to announce to the merchants of Virginia and North Carolina the reception of one of the largest and most complete stocks of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-stuffs, Window Glass, Garden, Yard and Field Seeds, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c., to be found in the Southern States. Their entire stock was purchased from first hands for Cash, and they feel confident they can offer superior inducements to the trade.
Merchants, Physicians and others are cordially invited to call and examine their goods and prices.
WALTER B. JORDAN.
to May 1 JOSEPH CARR.

ETTINGER & EDMOND,

Established in October, 1850, manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Engines and Saw Mills, Steam Fire Engines, Mill Work, Castings of all kinds, Tobacco Fixtures and Railroad Works.
Cary Street, below Fifteenth, Richmond, Va.
to March 1